DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT:
PUBLISHED IN THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, EVERY WEEK-DAY AFTERNOON.

Office—Birchard's Block, No. 15 Spring street.

TERMS OF THE PAPER—Four Dollars a year, delivered by the news-boys.

☞ The TRI-WEEKLY DEMOCRAT is published at the same office, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, and sent to subscribers by mail the following morning, at the low price of Three Dollars a year, in advance.

☞ The WISCONSIN FREE DEMOCRAT, (for the country,) is published every Wednesday, at Two Dollars a year, in advance. To Clubs, One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Rates of Advertising.

1 square,	per year,	$12 00	1 square,	3 weeks,	$3 50
1 "	9 months,	10 50	1 "	2 "	2 75
1 "	6 "	8 00	1 "	1 "	1 50
1 "	3 "	6 00	1 "	5 insertions,	1 38
1 "	2 "	5 00	1 "	4 "	1 25
1 "	6 weeks,	4 50	1 "	3 "	1 00
1 "	1 month,	4 00	1 "	2 "	75
			1 "	1 "	50

Ten lines, or less, Nonpareil, make a square.

☞ Leaded advertisements, immediately after the reading matter, 50 per cent. advance on the above rates.

☞ One square for a year, with a change once a week, $25; two squares $50; one square, with a change every day, $50; two squares, $100; three squares, with four changes a year, $25; for every additional square, $6.25. (Daily paper not included.)

☞ Persons wishing to discontinue their advertising, must give notice at the counting-room. Yearly advertisers discontinuing their advertising before the year is out, will be charged at the above rates.

☞ The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own legitimate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, or on other business, must be paid for at the usual rates.

☞ In all cases where advertisements are sent in marked "Daily and Weekly," they will be charged fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion in the weekly.

Daily Free Democrat.

"THE LABORER IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE."

BY S. M. BOOTH. MILWAUKEE, FRIDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 24, 1852. VOL. III.....NO. 8.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

President—MILLARD FILLMORE.
Secretary of State—DANIEL WEBSTER.
Secretary of the Treasury—THOMAS CORWIN.
Secretary of the Interior—ALEX. H. STUART.
Secretary of War—CHAS. M. CONRAD.
Secretary of the Navy—WM. A. GRAHAM.
Postmaster General—NATHAN K. HALL.
Attorney General—JOHN J. CRITTENDEN.
Vice President pro. tem.—WM. R. KING.
Speaker of the House—LINN BOYD.

United States Supreme Court.

Chief Justice—ROGER B. TANEY.
Associate Justice—JOHN McLEAN.
" " JAMES M. WAYNE.
" " JOHN CATRON.
" " JOHN McKINLEY.
" " PETER V. DANIEL.
" " SAMUEL NELSON.
" " ROBERT C. GRIER.
" " BENJ. R. CURTISS.
Reporter—BENJ. C. HOWARD.

WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—LEONARD J. FARWELL.
Lieutenant Governor—TIMOTHY BURNS.
Secretary of State—CHAS. D. ROBINSON.
Treasurer—EDWARD H. JANSSEN.
Attorney General—EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK.
Superintendent Public Instruction—AZEL P. LADD.

Supreme and Circuit Judges.

First District—EDWARD V. WHITON, Janesville.
Second District—LEVI HUBBELL, Milwaukee.
Third District—CHAS. H. LARABEE, Grafton.
Fourth District—TIMOTHY O. HOWE, Green Bay.
Fifth District—M. M. JACKSON, Mineral Point.
Sixth District—W. KNOWLTON, Pedrin du Chien.
Reporter—H. S. ORTON.

United States Senators.

HENRY DODGE, of Dodgeville, Iowa county.
ISAAC P. WALKER, of Milwaukee.

Representatives in Congress.

First District—CHARLES DUNKEE, of Kenosha.
Second District—BEN C. EASTMAN, of Platteville.
Third District—JAMES DUANE DOTY, of Menasha.

United States District Court.

Judge—ANDREW G. MILLER, of Milwaukee.
Clerk—B. W. MILLER, "
Marshal—L. H. COTTON, "
U. S. District Attorney—G. W. LAKIN.

Collector of Customs.

ALLEN W. HATCH, of Milwaukee.

Board of Public Works.

PETER H. PRAMB.
WILLIAM RICHARDSON.
ANDREW PROUDFIT.

United States Land Officers.

MILWAUKEE.
JOHN P. SMITH, *Register.*
CHARLES H. WILLIAMS, *Receiver.*
MINERAL POINT.
GEO. H. SLAUGHTER, *Register,*
— STEVENSON, *Receiver.*
WILLOW RIVER.
MOSES S. GIBSON, *Register,*
FRANCIS P. CATLIN, *Receiver.*
GREEN BAY.
ALEXANDER SPAULDING, *Register,*
EDGAR CONKLIN, *Receiver.*

State Land Officers.

BENJAMIN O. HENNING, *Register,*
JAMES MURDOCK, *Receiver.*

State Agricultural Society.

Hon. HENRY M. BILLINGS, *President,*
N. B. CLAPP, O. DENSMORE, M. WEBSTER, } *Vice Presidents,*
ALBERT C. INGHAM, *Rec. and Cor. Secretary,*
SIMEON MILLS, *Treasurer,*
WARREN CHASE, ELIAS B. DEAN, SAMUEL S. DAGGETT, J. D. MERRETT, H. B. HAWLEY, } *Executive Committee.*

OFFICERS OF MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

County Judge—HORATIO N. WELLS.
Clerk of the Court—HENRY K. WHITE.
Sheriff—JOHN W. BOOTH.
Under Sheriff—H. L. PAGE.
Deputy Sheriff—JOHN MITCHELL.
" " FRANK DEVLIN.
" " G. M. FITZGERALD.
" " T. SHAUGHNESSY.
" " P. SHORTELL.
Prosecuting Attorney—A. R. R. BUTLER.
Register of Deeds—MORITZ SCHOEFFLER.
Treasurer—MATTHAS STEIN.
Clerk Board Supervisors—W. S. EVERTS.
Surveyor—JOHN GREGORY.
Coroner—TIMOTHY O'BRIEN.

OFFICERS OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Mayor—HANS CROCKER.
President of the Board—S. C. WEST.
Comptroller—CHAS. COMSTOCK.
City Clerk—TIMOTHY O'BRIEN.
Treasurer—LUCAS SEAVER.
City Attorney—ARTHUR McARTHUR.
Clerk—ALFRED JOHNSON.
Police Justice—CLINTON WALWORTH.
City Surveyor—B. H. ENGERTON.
City Printers—S. M. BOOTH and SCHUFFLER & WENTZ.

Aldermen—
First Ward—Samuel E. Foote, William A. Prentiss, Henry P. Peck.
Second Ward—J. A. Phelps, Francis Huebschmann, Isaac Kenstadt.
Third Ward—John Hickey, William Brown, James Reed.
Fourth Ward—Samuel C. West, A. H. Johnston, John Feldkirch.
Fifth Ward—Stoddard H. Martin, John Rosebeck, Geo. G. Dousman.

STANDING COMMITTEE:—
Finance—Huebschmann West, Brown. *Judiciary*—Prentiss, Dousman, Phelps. *Schools*—West, Reed. *Accounts*—Prentiss—Dousman, Brown, West. *Licenses*—Foote, Johnston, Rosebeck. *Fire Department*—Brown, Martin, Fischback. *Bridges*—Martin, Foote, West, Phelps, Hickey. *Police*—Hickey, Peck, Foote.

School Commissioners—
First Ward—Rufus King, J. Hadley and Joshua Hathaway. *Second Ward*—Fr. Huebschmann, B. Church, E. H. Brenickel. *Third Ward*—Hans Crocker J. McManmark, E. McGarry. *Fourth Ward*—James H. Rogers, Haven Powers, Geo. E. H. Day. *Fifth Ward*—A. Mitchell, J. R. Zander, D. Waite.
JAS. H. ROGERS, Pres't.
Haven Powers, Sec'y.

Commissioners of Survey—
First Ward—Joshua Hathaway. *Second Ward*—I. A. Lapham. *Third Ward*—Elisha Eldred. *Fourth Ward*—Charles H. Williams. *Fifth Ward*—Martin Delaney.

Assessors—
First Ward—E. B. Dickerman. *Second Ward*—Benjamin Church. *Third Ward*—R. G. Owens. *Fourth Ward*—John H. Tesch. *Fifth Ward*—J. C. Smith.

Justices of the Peace—
First Ward—Albert Smith. *Second Ward*—Charles F. Bode. *Third Ward*—William Holland. *Fourth Ward*—Francis Hamilton. *Fifth Ward*—Oliver Parsons.

Constables—
First Ward—August Seifert. *Second Ward*—Francis Newman. *Third Ward*—John Burke. *Fourth Ward*—Patrick Meloy, Jr. *Fifth Ward*—Peter Schreiner.

Fire Department—
CHIEF ENGINEER—JOHN S. FILLMORE.
First Assistant Engineer—L. N. DEWEY.
Second Assistant Engineer—DANIEL N. NEIMAN.
Third Assistant Engineer—J. M. SMITH.

FIREWARDENS—
First Ward—S. S. Daggett, John M. W. Lace. *Second Ward*—J. V. Luscomb, A. W. Goetz. *Third Ward*—Edward Button, James M. Crumby. *Fourth Ward*—John C. Gridley, A. Ely. *Fifth Ward*—Stoddard H. Martin, Thomas H. Norton.

Foreign Consuls—
HANOVER, (Kingdom, . . . C. H. H. Papendiek.
Oldenburg, for the States of Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa and Minnesota, . . . C. H. H. Papendiek.
BRUNSWICK, (Dukedom,) . . . Carl E. Wendt.

Daily Free Democrat.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Office—Birchard's Block, corner of Spring and West Water streets.

Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.

S. M. BOOTH, : : : : : : : : EDITOR.

MILWAUKEE:

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 24.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JOHN P. HALE, of New-Hampshire.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
GEORGE W. JULIAN, of Indiana.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

For the State: { BYRON KILBOURN, WARREN CHASE.

1st *District*, C. LATHAM SHOLES.
2d *do.* SAMUEL D. HASTINGS.
3d *do.* HIRAM McKEE.

For Congress—1st District.
CHARLES DURKEE.
3d District:
HIRAM McKEE.

INDEPENDENT JUDICIAL NOMINATIONS.

Election Monday, September 27th.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE,
EDWARD V. WHITON.

FOR ASSOCIATES,
MARSHALL M. STRONG,
JAMES H. KNOWLTON.

OUR TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY.

Will our friends please remember that our terms for the Weekly are **Two Dollars** a year for single subscribers, and ☞ **One Dollar and Fifty Cents,** in Clubs of six, and over? And, during the campaign, ☞ **Fifty Cents for four months,** for one subscriber, and any number at the same rate.

☞ **V. B. PALMER,** the AMERICAN NEWSPAPER AGENT, is *the only authorized Agent* for this paper in the cities of Boston, New-York and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His offices are—Boston, Scollay's building; New-York, Tribune buildings; Philadelphia, northwest corner of Third and Chestnut streets.

Officers of the Free Democratic League.

President—E. B. WOOLCOTT.
Vice Presidents—First Ward, EDWARD MCKERRY; Second Ward, WM. WHITNALL; Third Ward, WM. E. BASSETT; Fourth Ward, S. C. WEST; Fifth Ward, JAS. BAKER.
Treasurer—EDWIN PALMER.
Secretaries—A. H. BIELDFIELD, BYRON PAINE.
Corresponding Secretaries—DR. J. S. DOUGLASS, S. M. BOOTH.

Walworth County Free Democratic Convention.

THE Free Democracy of Walworth County will meet in Convention at the Court House, in Elkhorn, on Thursday, the 30th day of September, 1852, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to nominate County Officers, and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary.

Each town will send five Delegates to said Convention except Elkhorn, which will send three.

It is recommended that the several towns hold their meetings to choose Delegates to the said Convention on Saturday the 25th day of September, at such places as the town committees shall appoint.

It is also recommended to the several Assembly District Committees to call their Conventions for nominating members of Assembly, on or before Saturday the 2nd day of October next.

W. SPOONER,
H. MALLARY,
W. H. PETTIT,
County Central Committee.

Free Democratic Meeting.

There will be a Public Meeting for HALE and JULIAN, at the Village of Mukwonago, Waukesha Co., on Wednesday Sept. 29th, beginning at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Hon. CHARLES DURKEE, GEN. PAINE, of Milwaukee, C. L. SHOLES, and other speakers, are expected to address the Meeting.

The Citizens of Mukwonago and adjoining districts, are invited to attend. By order of a preparatory Meeting.

☞ The Ladies are respectfully invited to attend.

H. H. VAN AMRINGE,
R. C. AMBLER,
R. H. THURBER,
WM. H. BURGESS,
Committee of Arrangements.

Mukwonago, Sept. 20, 1852.

As Mr. DURKEE is expected to be at Elkhorn, on the 30th, we have changed the time to the 29th. If that is not satisfactory, let us hear from the Committee.

WISCONSIN STATE FAIR.

To be held at Milwaukee, on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of October.

The undersigned, in behalf of their fellow-citizens of Milwaukee, respectfully announce to the people of Wisconsin and of adjoining States that the Second Annual Fair and Exhibition of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society will be held in this city on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th days of October ensuing. It is expected that the show of Cattle, Sheep, Agricultural Implements, Farm and Dairy Products and other articles, will be very large. The grounds designated for the Fair are of ample extent, conveniently located, and will be suitably prepared for the exhibition of Stock, &c., and the accommodation of Visitors. It is confidently hoped that there will be a general attendance of Farmers and others from our own and adjoining States, at the Fair, and no efforts shall be spared on the part of the citizens of Milwaukee, to ensure all comers a cordial welcome and hospitable entertainment.

Committee of Arrangements.

JAMES JOHNSON,	E. B. WOOLCOTT.
RUFUS KING,	F. HUEBSCHMANN,
FRANCIS RANDALL,	J. A. HOOVER,
EDWARD BUTTON,	W. W. BROWN,
J. H. CORDES,	C. H. WILLIAMS,
S. C. WEST,	S. M. BOOTH,
G. H. WALKER,	L. W. WEEKS,
S. H. MARTIN.	

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 20, 1852.

☞ Papers throughout this State, and in Illinois and Northern Indiana are requested to give the above notice one or more insertions.

☞ The Green Bay *Spectator* is confident the Whigs of this Congressional District can elect their candidate. It does not give the ground of its opinion. It also says Macy, the Hunker candidate in the Third District, "is an excellent, law-abiding man."—That is, the slave-catching law.

It supports Whiton, Strong and Smith for Judges.

☞ The *Commercial Advertiser*, of Racine, has changed proprietors many times during our acquaintance with it—four years—and also its principles, having been alternately pro-slavery and Free Soilish. In alluding to its want of stability, we did not wish to injure it, and we are frank to say that had we seen the paragraph in season, of which it complains, it would not have been published.

☞ Messrs. Brown, Geo. B. Smith and J. C. Fairchild have been making a tour to stir up the faithful to support the party Judicial ticket.

☞ The Janesville *Standard* is trying to make amends for its want of subserviency to a clique in making party nominations for Judges, at the opening of the campaign.

Mass Meeting at Waukesha.

We had the pleasure of attending the Mass Convention of the Free Democracy of Waukesha County yesterday. The Court House was filled, every seat being occupied, and some being obliged to stand. There was a unanimity of feeling, a resoluteness of will and an enthusiasm manifested, such as men engaged in a great and noble cause always exhibit.

The chair was filled by Jonathan Parsons, Esq., of Eagle, who made some excellent remarks at the opening on the greatness of our principles, and the necessity of a permanent organization. County, Senatorial and Assembly District Committees were chosen, and the Convention resolved to meet hereafter, to nominate a County ticket. There were a large number present who until recently have acted with the old parties, but who have now separated from them forever.

BYRON PAINE, of this city, made a rousing Speech of an hour and a half, and was followed by Mr. DURKEE, who was greeted with the most enthusiastic cheers. Mr. Durkee spoke again in the evening.

BOTH AGAINST MR. DURKEE.—The *News* thus invites those Whigs who can't vote for Mr. Wells, to vote for Mr. Durand:

"We have now two business men, and both forwarding merchants, in the field against a professed politician. If the people of this District wants a man to go to Congress to work and serve his constituents, they will vote for either the Whig or Democratic candidate. If they want a speech-maker that *does nothing*, they will vote for Mr. Durkee."

Mr. Durkee is well known to the people of this District, and all such attacks on him, will only increase the number of his supporters.

We call attention to the fact that this strict party organ is reduced to such extremities that it has to exhort the people to vote for a Whig, if they can't vote for its own candidate.

A LITTLE PLEASANTRY.—At the New York State Fair, just closed at Utica, Hon. HORATIO SEYMOUR, now, as in 1850, the Hunker candidate for Governor, delivered the Address, which bears marks of ability, and, in concluding, Gov. HUNT was loudly called for. Mr. Seymour introduced him to the assembled thousands "*as the prize man of the State of New-York!*" Gov. Hunt responded in appropriate remarks, expressing strong personal regards for the eminent speaker who had preceded him. To this profession of friendly regard, by his Honor, Mr. S. could find only one exception in his treatment of him, and that was when *he* (the Governor) *ran away from him*, leaving him behind! This brought down the crowd in rounds of applause.

Since this bit of pleasantry between the two, Gov. Hunt has been re-nominated for the same office, and will have the pleasure of going over the course again with his personal friend, Mr. Seymour.

A "SMART CHANCE" FOR LIVING.—We counted no less than 25 teams coming down West Water street at one time to-day, with wagons loaded to the brim with Grain, while an equal number were pouring down Spring street, forming a grand grain depot, or cavalcade of ox teams, in front of our office.—Grain buyers and speculators mix with the dense throng, ready to mount each particular load, examine its contents, and proffer remunerating prices for the toils of the farmer.—To one unaccustomed to such sights, in the busy marts of a populous city surrounded by a rich grain-growing country, the spectacle is at once interesting and cheering—giving evidence of an abundant harvest, and "the good time coming."

DOOR CREEK, Dane Co., Sept. 22.

S. M. BOOTH—*Dear Sir:*—The *Free Democrat* of last week has failed from some cause, to come to this office, and as there is considerable anxiety to read that number, will you please forward them. All the knowledge the people here have that a Mass Convention was held at Milwaukee, was derived from a Milwaukee Whig newspaper, which stated that a greater part of those present were ladies, thereby intending to convey the impression that very few out of Milwaukee attended. The papers at Madison do not notice that such a Convention was held, reminding us of the quotation "If the light which is in thee be darkness, how great is that darkness."

We had a meeting without distinction of party to discuss the three platforms. Three fourths of those present were Free Soilers. None of the Whigs and Democrats would advance the claims of Scott and Pierce, and all the discussion was on the part of the Free Democracy. Another meeting will be held next week, and the old Hunkers expect to get some Scott and Pierce speakers from Madison. Hope they will.

I am respectfully, &c., J. W. S.

☞ The *Wisconsin* publishes a call for a Webster State Convention, signed "Many Whigs," to be held at Madison on the 14th of October, for the purpose of deciding upon an Electoral ticket, and to nominate a Vice President.

☞ Miss Julia Dean, it is stated, is to appear for a short engagement at the re-opening of the Milwaukee Theatre, on Monday, Oct. 4th. Miss Dean is a favorite actress, and will no doubt be warmly greeted by all lovers of the drama here. The press everywhere speak highly of her artistic skill.

☞ The New-York State Free Democratic Convention, for the nomination of an Electoral ticket and a thorough organization of the party in that State, is to be held in the city of Syracuse on the 29th inst.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to the PLATFORMS of the three great Political Parties, as they appear in our columns today, together with the Abstract of the Fugitive Slave Law, and the report of a few cases under it. At considerable expense we have caused these important documents to be put in type, and we design to ☞ KEEP THEM BEFORE THE PEOPLE until the Election, so that "he who runs may read," and be not deceived.

Free Democratic National Platform.

Having assembled in National Convention as the Delegates of the Free Democracy of the United States, united by a common resolve to maintain Rights against Wrongs, and Freedom against Slavery; confiding in the intelligence, the patriotism and the discriminating justice of the American people; putting our trust in God for the triumph of our cause, and invoking his guidance in our endeavors to advance it, we now submit to the candid judgment of all men the following declaration of principles and measures:

First. That Governments, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, are instituted among men to secure to all, those inalienable rights of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, with which they are endowed by their Creator, and of which none can be deprived by valid legislation, except for crime.

Second. That the true mission of American Democracy is to maintain the liberties of the people, the sovereignty of the States and the perpetuity of the Union by the impartial application to public affairs, without sectional discrimination, of the fundamental principles of equal rights, strict justice and economical administration.

Third. That the Federal Government is one of limited powers, derived solely from the Constitution, and the grants of power therein ought to be strictly construed by all the Departments and Agents of the Government, and it is inexpedient and dangerous to exercise doubtful Constitutional powers.

Fourth. That the Constitution of the United States, ordained to form a more perfect Union, to establish justice, and secure the blessings of Liberty, expressly denies to the General Government all power to deprive any person of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; and, therefore, the Government, having no more power to make a slave than to make a king, and no more power to establish Slavery than to establish Monarchy, should at once proceed to relieve itself from all responsibility for the existence of Slavery, wherever it possesses Constitutional power to legislate for its extinction.

Fifth. That to the persevering and importunate demands of the Slave Power *for more Slave States, new Slave Territories*, and *the nationalization of Slavery*, our distinct and final answer is—NO MORE SLAVE STATES, NO SLAVE TERRITORY, NO NATIONALIZED SLAVERY, and NO NATIONAL LEGISLATION FOR THE EXTRADITION OF SLAVES.

Sixth. That Slavery is a sin against God, and a crime against Man, which no human enactment nor usage can make right, and that Christianity, Humanity and Patriotism alike demand its abolition.

Seventh. That the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850 is repugnant to the Constitution, to the principles of the Common Law, to the spirit of Christianity, and to the sentiments of the civilized world. We, therefore, deny its binding force upon the American People, and demand its immediate and total repeal.

Eighth. That the doctrine that any human law is a finality, and not subject to modification or repeal, is not in accordance with the creed of the founders of our Government, and is dangerous to the Liberties of the people.

Ninth. That the acts of Congress, known as the Compromise measures of 1850, by making the admission of a sovereign State contingent upon the adoption of other measures demanded by the special interest of slavery—by their omission to guarantee freedom in Free Territories—by their attempt to impose unconstitutional limitations on the power of Congress and the people to admit new States—by their provisions for the assumption of $5,000,000 of the debt of Texas, and for the payment of $5,000,000 more and the cession of a large territory to the same State, under menace, as an inducement to the relinquishment of a groundless claim, and by their invasion of the sovereignty of the States and the liberties of the people, through the enactment of an unjust, oppressive and unconstitutional Fugitive Slave Law, are proved to be inconsistent with all the principles and maxims of Democracy, and wholly inadequate to the settlement of the questions of which they are claimed to be an adjustment.

Ninth. That no permanent settlement of the slavery question can be looked for, except in the practical recognition of the truth, that Slavery is sectional and Freedom national, by the total separation of the General Government from Slavery, and the exercise of its legitimate and constitutional influence on the side of Freedom, and by leaving to the States the whole subject of Slavery, and the extradition of fugitives from service.

Eleventh. That all men have a natural right to a portion of the soil, and that, as the use of the soil is indispensable to life, the right of all men to the soil is as sacred as their right to life itself.

Twelfth. That the public lands of the United States belong to the people, and should not be sold to individuals nor granted to corporations, but should be held as a sacred trust for the benefit of the people, and should be granted in limited quantities, free of cost, to landless settlers.

Thirteenth. That a due regard for the Federal Constitution and sound administrative policy, demands that the funds of the General Government be kept separate from banking institutions—that inland and ocean postage should be reduced to the lowest possible point—that no more revenue should be raised than is required to defray the strictly necessary expenses of the public service, and to pay off the public debt, and that the power and patronage of the Government should be diminished by the abolition of all unnecessary offices, salaries and privileges—and by the election by the people of all civil officers in the service of the United States, so far as may be consistent with the prompt and efficient transaction of the public business.

Fourteenth. That River and Harbor improvements, when necessary to the safety and convenience of commerce with foreign nations, or among the several States, are objects of national concern, and it is the duty of Congress, in the exercise of its constitutional powers, to provide for the same.

Fifteenth. That emigrants and exiles from the Old world should find a cordial welcome to homes of comfort and fields of enterprise in the New, and every attempt to abridge their privilege of becoming citizens and owners of land among us, ought to be resisted with inflexible determination.

Sixteenth. That every nation has a clear right to alter or change its own government, and to administer its own concerns in such manner as may best secure the rights and promote the happiness of the people, and foreign interference with that right is a dangerous violation of the law of nations, against which all independent governments should protest and endeavor by all proper means to prevent; and especially is it the duty of the American Government, representing the chief Republic of the world to protest against and by all proper means to prevent the intervention of Kings and Emperors against nations seeking to establish for themselves republican or constitutional Governments.

Seventeenth. That the independence of Hayti ought to be recognized by our Government and our commercial relations with it placed on the footing of the most favored nations.

Eighteenth. That as by the Constitution "the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States," the practice of imprisoning the colored seamen of other States, while the vessels to which they belong lie in port, and refusing to exercise the right to bring such cases before the Supreme Court of the United States, to test the legality of such proceedings, is a flagrant violation of the Constitution and an invasion of the rights of the citizens of other States—utterly inconsistent with the professions made by the slaveholders that they wish the provisions of the Constitution faithfully observed by every State in the Union.

Nineteenth. That we recommend the introduction into all treaties hereafter to be negotiated between the United States and foreign nations, of some provision for the amicable settlement of difficulties by a resort to decisive arbitration.

Twentieth. That the Free Democratic party is not organized to aid either the Whig or Democratic wing of the great Slave Compromise party of the Union, but to defeat them both; and that, repudiating and renouncing both, as hopelessly corrupt and utterly unworthy of confidence, the purpose of the Free Democracy is to take possession of the Federal Government, and administer it for the protection of the rights and interests of the whole people.

Twenty-first. That we inscribe on our banner Free Soil, Free Speech, Free Labor and Free Men—and under it we will fight on and fight ever, until a triumphant victory shall reward our exertions.

Twenty-second. That upon this Platform, the Convention presents to the American people, JOHN P. HALE, of New Hampshire, as a candidate for the office of President of the United States, and GEORGE W. JULIAN, of Indiana, as a candidate for the office of Vice President of the United States, and earnestly commends them to the support of all Freemen and parties.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and the discriminating justice of the American people.

Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our political creed, which we are proud to maintain before the world as the great moral element in a form of government, springing from and upheld by the popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of Federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the will of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the popular credulity.

Resolved, therefore, That entertaining these views, the Democratic party of this Union, through their delegates assembled in general Convention of the States, coming together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doctrines and faith of a free representative government, and appealing to their fellow citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and re-assert, before the American people, the declarations of principles avowed by them when, on former occasions, in general Convention, they presented their candidates for the popular suffrage:—

1. That the Federal Government is one of limited powers, derived solely from the Constitution; and the grants of power made therein ought to be strictly construed by all the departments and agents of the Government; and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exercise doubtful Constitutional powers.

2. That the Constitution does not confer upon the General Government the power to commence and carry on a general system of internal improvements.

3. That the Constitution does not confer authority upon the Federal Government, directly or indirectly, to assume the debts of the several States, contracted for local and internal improvements, or other State purposes; nor would such assumption be just or expedient.

4. That justice and sound policy forbid the Federal Government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of any other, or to cherish the interest of one portion to the injury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen, and every section of the country, has a right to demand and insist upon an equality of rights and privileges, and to complete an ample protection of persons and property from domestic violence or foreign aggression.

5. That it is the duty of every branch of the Government to enforce and practice the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more revenue ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expenses of the Government, and for the gradual but certain extinction of the public debt.

6. That Congress has no power to charter a National Bank; that we believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interests of the country, dangerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people, and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and the will of the people; and the results of Democratic legislation, in this and all other financial measures upon which issues have been made between the two political parties of the country, have demonstrated to candid and practical men, of all parties, their soundness, safety, and utility, in all business pursuits.

7. That the separation of the moneys of the Government from banking institutions is indispensable for the safety of the funds of the Government and the rights of the people.

8. That the liberal principles embodied by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours THE LAND OF LIBERTY, AND THE ASYLUM OF THE OPPRESSED of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles in the Democratic faith, *and every attempt to abridge the privilege of becoming citizens and the owners of soil among us*, ought to be RESISTED with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws from our statute book.

9. That Congress has no power under the Constitution to interfere with or control the domestic institutions of the several States, and that such States are the sole and proper judges of everything appertaining to their own affairs, not prohibited by the Constitution; that *all efforts of the Abolitionists or others*, made to induce Congress *to interfere with questions of slavery*, or *to take incipient steps in relation thereto*, ARE CALCULATED TO LEAD TO THE MOST ALARMING AND DANGEROUS CONSEQUENCES; and that all such efforts have an inevitable tendency to diminish the happiness of the people, and endanger the stability and permanency of the Union, and OUGHT NOT TO BE COUNTENANCED by any friend of our political institutions.

Resolved, That the foregoing proposition covers, and was intended to embrace THE WHOLE SUBJECT OF SLAVERY AGITATION IN CONGRESS; and therefore the DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF THE UNION, standing upon this national platform, WILL ABIDE BY AND ADHERE TO A FAITHFUL EXECUTION OF THE ACTS KNOWN AS THE COMPROMISE MEASURES, settled by the last Congress—THE ACT FOR THE RECLAIMING OF FUGITIVES FROM SERVICE OR LABOR INCUDED, WHICH ACT being designed to carry out an express provision of the Constitution, CANNOT, with fidelity thereto, BE REPEALED OR SO CHANGED AS TO DESTROY OR IMPAIR ITS EFFICIENCY.

Resolved, That the Democratic party WILL RESIST ALL ATTEMPTS AT RENEWING, in Congress or out of it, THE AGITATION OF THE SLAVERY QUESTION, *under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made.*

Resolved, That the proceeds of the public lands, ought to be sacredly applied to the national objects specified in the constitution; and that we are opposed to any law for the distribution of such proceeds among the States, as alike inexpedient in policy and repugnant to the constitution.

Resolved, That we are decidedly opposed to taking from the President the qualified veto power, by which he is enabled, under restrictions and responsibilities amply sufficient to guard the public interest, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives until the judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has saved the American people from the corrupt and tyrannical domination of the Bank of the United States, and from a corrupting system of general internal improvements.

Resolved, That the Democratic party *will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles laid down in the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1798, and in the report of Mr. Madison to the Virginia Legislature in 1799*; that it adopts those principles as constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out in their obvious meaning and import.

Resolved, That *the war with Mexico*, upon all the principles of patriotism and the laws of nations, was a *just and necessary war* on our part, in which every American citizen should have shown himself on the side of his country, and neither morally nor physically, by word or deed, have given aid and comfort to the enemy.

Resolved, That we rejoice at the restoration of friendly relations with our sister republic of Mexico, and earnestly desire for her all the blessings and prosperity which we enjoy under republican institutions, and *we congratulate the American people upon the result of that war*, which has so manifestly justified the policy and conduct of the Democratic party, and insured to the United States "indemnity for the past and security for the future."

Resolved, That in view of the condition of popular institutions in the old world, a high and sacred duty is devolved with increased responsibility upon the Democratic party of this country, as the party of the people, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and thereby the union of the States, and to sustain and advance among us constitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all monopolies and exclusive legislation for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and by vigilant and constant adherence to those principles and compromises of the constitution which are broad enough and strong enough to uphold the Union as it is, and the Union as it shall be, in the full expansion of the energies and capacities of this great and progressive people.

WHIG NATIONAL PLATFORM.

The Whigs of the United States, in Convention assembled, firmly adhering to the great conservative Republican principles by which they are controlled and governed, and now, as ever, relying upon the intelligence of the American people, with an abiding confidence in their capacity for self-government, and their continued devotion to the Constitution and the Union, do proclaim the following as the political sentiments and determinations, for the establishment and maintenance of which their national organization as a party is effected:—

1. The Government of the United States is of a limited character, and it is confined to the exercise of powers expressly granted by the Constitution, and such as may be necessary and proper for carrying the granted powers into full execution; and that *all powers not thus granted or necessarily implied are expressly reserved to the States respectively, and to the People.*

2. The State Governments should be held secure in their reserved rights, and the General Government sustained in its constitutional powers, and the Union should be revered and watched over as "the palladium of our liberties."

3. That, while struggling freedom everywhere enlists the warmest sympathy of the Whig party, we still adhere to the doctrines of the Father of his Country, as announced in his Farewell Address, of *keeping ourselves free from all entangling alliances with foreign countries*, and of never quitting our own to stand on foreign ground. That our mission as a Republic is not to propagate our opinions, or impose on other countries our form of government by artifice or force, but to teach by example, and show by our success, moderation and justice, the blessings of self-government, and the advantages of free institutions.

4. That where the people make and control the government they should obey its constitutions, laws, and treaties, as they would retain their self-respect, and the respect which they claim and will enforce from foreign powers.

5. Government should be conducted upon principles of the strictest economy, and revenue sufficient for the expenses thereof, in time of peace, ought to be mainly derived from a duty of imports, and not from direct taxes; and, in levying such duties, sound policy requires a just discrimination and protection from fraud, by specific duties, when practicable, whereby suitable encouragement may be assured to American industry, equally to all classes and to all portions of the country.

6. The constitution vests in Congress the power to open and repair harbors, and remove obstructions from navigable rivers; and it is expedient that Congress should exercise that power whenever such improvements are necessary for the common defence or for the protection and facility of commerce with foreign nations or among the States—such improvements being, in every instance, national and general in their character.

7. The Federal and State Governments are parts of one system, alike necessary for the common prosperity, peace and security, and ought to be regarded alike with a cordial, habitual, and immovable attachment. Respect for the authority of each, and acquiescence in the constitutional measures of each are duties required by the plainest considerations of National, of State and of individual welfare.

8. THE SERIES OF ACTS OF THE THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS, COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE COMPROMISE OR ADJUSTMENT, (THE ACT FOR THE RECOVERY OF FUGITIVES FROM LABOR INCLUDED,) ARE RECEIVED AND ACQUIESCED IN BY THE WHIGS OF THE UNITED STATES AS A FINAL SETTLEMENT, IN PRINCIPLE AND SUBSTANCE, OF THE SUBJECTS TO WHICH THEY RELATE, and *so far as these acts are concerned*, WE WILL MAINTAIN THEM, AND INSIST ON THEIR STRICT ENFORCEMENT, *until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the one hand and the abuse of their powers on the other*—NOT IMPAIRING THEIR EFFICIENCY to carry out the requirements of the constitution; and WE DEPRECATE ALL FURTHER AGITATION ON THE QUESTIONS thus settled as dangerous to our peace, and WILL DISCOUNTENANCE ALL EFFORTS TO CONTINUE OR RENEW SUCH AGITATION, WHENEVER, WHEREVER, OR HOWEVER MADE; *and we will maintain this settlement* AS ESSENTIAL TO THE NATIONALITY OF THE WHIG PARTY, *and the integrity of the Union.*

THE PLATFORM
OF THE
SLAVERY COMPROMISE PARTIES,
ALIAS, AN
ABSTRACT of the FUGITIVE LAW.

SECTION 1—Provides, That U. S. Commissioners may and "are required to exercise all the powers and duties conferred by this act."

SEC. 2—Provides, That the Superior Court of each organized Territory may appoint Commissioners, "with the ordinary powers, and that such Commissioners shall also exercise the powers and duties conferred by this act."

SEC. 3—Provides, That the Circuit Courts of the U. S., and the Superior Court of each organized Territory shall, from time to time, increase the number of Commissioners, with a view to afford reasonable *facilities* for the reclaiming of fugitives, and for the prompt discharge of the duties imposed by this act.

SEC. 4—Provides, That the Commissioners shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the Judges of the Circuit and District Courts of the U. S., and with the Judges of the Superior Courts in the Territories, and shall, on satisfactory proof, grant certificates to the claimants of fugitives from labor, with authority to take such fugitives to the state or territory from which they may have escaped.

SEC. 5—Makes it the duty of the Marshall and Deputy Marshall to execute all warrants and precepts issued under this law, with a penalty of $1,000, to be recovered for the use of the claimant, in case of refusal or neglect diligently to execute said process. It also makes the Marshall liable to the claimant on his official bond, for the full value of the labor and service of the fugitive in the state whence he fled, in case said fugitive shall escape from the Marshall or his deputy, *after* his arrest, whether *with* or *without* the assent of such Marshall or deputy; and also gives the Commissioner power to appoint suitable persons, from time to time, to execute the process issued by them, and also gives the Commissioners and the persons so appointed, power to call to their aid the *posse comitatus*, and *commands all good citizens to aid and assist in the prompt and efficient execution of* this law; and also provides that the warrants may be executed in any part of the state where they are issued.

SEC. 6—Provides, That when any person, owing service or labor, in any State or Territory, has heretofore or shall hereafter, escape into any other State or Territory, the person to whom such service or labor may be due, may pursue such fugitive, and may arrest him with process issued under this act, *or may seize him* **WITHOUT PROCESS,** *where the same can be done*, and cause him to be taken forthwith before the Court, Judge or Commissioner, who shall hear and determine the case of such claimant in a **summary manner!** and upon satisfactory proof being made by deposition or affidavit in writing, taken by such County Judge or Commissioner, or by *other* satisfactory testimony duly taken and certified by some Court, Judge, or Magistrate or other person authorised to administer an oath in the state whence such fugitive escaped, with the seal of the proper court or officer thereto attached, which seal should make such proof competent, and *in further proof* by affidavit of the identity of the person whose service or labor is claimed, that the person so arrested does in fact owe such service or labor to the claimant, and escaped from him into another state, *it shall be the duty* of the Court or Commissioner to deliver to the claimant a certificate, setting forth the substantial facts, &c., with authority to the claimant to use such reasonable force and restraint as may be necessary to take and remove such fugitive back to the State or Territory whence he escaped. It also provides that in *no trial or hearing under this act shall the testimony of the fugitive be admitted*, and that the certificates mentioned in this and the first section, shall be **CONCLUSIVE** of the right of the person to whom they are granted to take back such fugitive, **and shall prevent all molestation of such person or persons by ANY PROCESS issued by any court, judge, magistrate or other person whomsoever.** [This annuls the writ of *Habeas corpus.* ED. FREE DEM.]

SEC. 7. Provides that any person who shall knowingly hinder or prevent the claimant, or any one assisting him, from arresting or seizing the fugitive, either *with* or *without process*, or who shall rescue or attempt to rescue the fugitive after his arrest; or shall aid, abet or assist him, either directly or indirectly in escaping; or shall harbor and conceal him so as to prevent his discovery or arrest, after notice or knowledge of his being a fugitive from labor, shall, for either of said offenses be subject to a *fine*, not exceeding *one thousand dollars*, and to *imprisonment* not exceeding *six months*, and shall forfeit to the claimant *One Thousand Dollars* for each fugitive so lost.

SEC. 8. Provides for the payment of the fees of the Commissioner and officers. The Commissioners to have **Ten Dollars** in case the fugitive is delivered up, and only **Five Dollars** in case he is set free; the other officers to have usual and reasonable fees, the whole to be paid by the claimant, his agent or attorney.

SEC. 9. Provides that on affidavit of the claimant that he fears a rescue, the officer making the arrest shall retain the fugitive in his custody, and transport him to the State whence he fled, and deliver him there to the claimant, his agent or attorney, employing sufficient force for that purpose; and that *the expenses shall be paid out of the treasury of the United States!*

SEC. 10. Provides, that on the escape of any fugitive, the owner may go before some court of record or judge, invocation, in the State or Territory whence he fled, and make satisfactory proof of the escape, and that the person escaping owed service or labor, and that the court or judge should make a record of these facts, giving with reasonable certainty a description of the fugitive; and that a transcript of this record, duly authenticated, shall be **conclusive evidence** in any other State or Territory, of the fact of escape, and of the *owing service or labor*, and shall require the Commissioner or other officer on further proof of the identity of the person arrested with the description in the record, to deliver him up, with a proviso that a transcript should not be *required*, but that *in its absence*, the claim should be heard on *other* proofs.

Fruits of the Fugitive Slave Law.

The alleged fugitive Daniel, at Buffalo, was knocked down with a club and fell upon a stove, where he was badly burned, and was then seized and dragged before Commissioner Smith, who refused to give him time to procure witnesses, but delivered him up in the most summary manner, and declared that whoever attempted to prevent his being carried off, should be shot down. Daniel was so insensible during the pretended trial, from the injuries received at his arrest, that he was scarcely able to communicate to his counsel the facts necessary to establish his freedom. He was afterwards set free by Judge Conklin, on a writ of Habeas Corpus, on the ground that it appeared from their own testimony, that his master had sent him into a free State, and that he was therefore free, even according to the decisions of the courts of the Slave States themselves.

In the case of Horace Preston, in New York, Commissioner Morton refused to hear the witnesses for the fugitive at all, but made out the papers on hearing the testimony for the claimant, and delivered him up.

In another case, a man was arrested and delivered up to a pretended agent, and on being taken South, the alleged owner denied that he was his slave, and he was released as a free man.

Numerous cases might be cited where the grossest outrages have been committed under the sanction of this law.

☞ LLOYD MILLS, Esq., Editor of the *Oswego Palladium*, and G. W. P. of the N. Y. Western Grand Division of S. of T., died at the residence of his parents in Pennsylvania, on the 12th inst. Mr. MILLS was a young man of fine talents, gentlemanly bearing, and was highly esteemed by the Order of which he was the head.

☞ The telegraphic report, published in our absence yesterday, that the National Free Democratic Convention had nominated John G. Palfrey for President, is one of the stupidities to which the press are often treated.

☞ Rev. Mr. Martyn gave an excellent address to the "Liberty League," of Lisbon, last Wednesday evening.

☞ Dr. Douglass gave a capital address at the League Room last evening. The League voted to have it published. The work goes bravely on.

☞ The Berlin *Messenger* heads Gerrit Smith's Speech, in the Pittsburgh Convention, "a scene."

☞ Job Haskell, Native American, has been nominated for the Assembly by the Hunkers of the Port Washington District.

☞ Wm. H. McCracken, of Newark, Washington Co., has a bull calf 14 weeks old, that weighs 454 lbs.

☞ The Madison *Argus* complains that its Hunker brethren of the press here don't noise abroad their doings for Pierce and Slavery.

☞ Mrs. Partington thinks the Free Democracy must all be Catholics, because they are holding *mass* meetings everywhere.

New York, Sept. 20.

Miss Catharine Hayes has entered into an engagement with Barnum to give 60 concerts in California, Mexico, Cuba, and British North America, under his management.—He gives her the round sum of $50,000, and one half the profits derivable from the engagement—he bearing all the expenses of the engagement. They sail for Cuba in November.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Milwaukee Post-Office.

—ARRIVE—

Southern and Eastern, daily, at	4 P. M.
Western, by railroad, daily, at	7½ P. M.
Fond du Lac, daily, at	6 P. M.
Janesville, (way mail,)	8 P. M.
Sheboygan, (boat mail,)	8 A. M.
" (way mail,) Tuesdays, Fridays & Sats,	8 P. M.

—CLOSE—

Southern and Eastern, daily, at	6 P. M.
Western, by railroad, daily, at	9 P. M.
Fond du Lac, at	9 P. M.
Sheboygan, (boat mail,)	2½ P. M.

☞ Post Office open at 7 A. M.; closes at 9 P. M. On Sundays, from 8 to 9 A. M.; 12 to 1 P. M.; and 5 to 6 P. M.

J. D. MERRILL, P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **STATE FAIR.**—REFRESHMENT STANDS, upon the State Fair Grounds, and within the enclosure, can be procured by calling upon the Secretary of the State Agricultural Society, at the United States Hotel, where a plan of the grounds can be seen.

All applications must be made previous to Friday evening, Oct. 1st. By order of the Committee.

Milwaukee, Sept. 23d, 1852. s27

☞ **WANTED,** in exchange for a good farm of 80 acres, a stock of Dry Goods and Groceries.

Said farm is situated in the town of Lisbon, 17 miles from Milwaukee, on the "Lisbon and Milwaukee Plank Road.

Also, $100 in Plank Road stock, will be exchanged in the same way if desired. For particulars, please address

sep8tw WM. M. BLOUNT, Lisbon, Wis.

☞ **TO THE PUBLIC.**—The undersigned respectfully announces to the Electors of Milwaukee County, that he will be a candidate for the office of **Register of Deeds** of Milwaukee County, at the next general election, and will be happy to receive their suffrages. CHARLES JULIUS KERN.

Milwaukee, Aug. 19. aug20dtf

☞ **MRS. U. P. BRIGGS,** TEACHER OF MUSIC, will give Instructions on the Piano Forte, in thorough Bass and Singing. ☞ Residence, corner of Wells and Second streets aug19m2*

SAMUEL MARSHALL.....CHARLES P. ILSLEY.

☞ **MARSHALL & ILSLEY,** BANKERS, Number 134 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. ☞ Exchange on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, constantly on hand. may17

☞ **MILWAUKEE BANK.

DAILY DEMOCRAT.

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 24.

Mr. Durkee's Appointments.

MR. DURKEE will address the citizens of this District, at the following places and time:

Waukesha, Thursday, Sept. 23.
Racine, Saturday, Sept. 25.
Raymond, Monday, Sept. 27.
Waterford, Tuesday, Sept. 28, 3 P. M.
Rochester, Tuesday evening, Sept. 28.
Mukwonago, Wednesday, Sept. 29.
Elkhorn, Thursday, Sept. 30.
Burlington, Friday, Oct. 1.
Bristol, Saturday, Oct. 2.
Wheatland, Monday, Oct. 4, 3 P. M.
Geneva, Tuesday evening, Oct. 5.
Sharon, Wednesday evening, Oct. 6.
Darien, Thursday, Oct. 7.
Delavan, Friday, Oct. 8.
Sugar Creek, Saturday, Oct. 9.
Whitewater, Monday, Oct. 11.
East Troy, Tuesday, Oct. 12.
Eagle, Wednesday, Oct. 13.

Assembly District Convention.

A Mass Convention of the Free Democracy of the Towns of Lisbon, Pewaukee, Menomonee, and Brookfield, will be held in the Union Meeting House, in Lisbon, on Saturday, October 9th, 1852, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating a Member for the Assembly.

GEO. CAINCROSS,
D. F. COGSWELL,
J. KUNEY,
A. F. NORTH,
sept23 Committee.

Green County Mass Convention.

A Free Democratic Mass Convention will be held at Monroe, Green County, on Saturday the 25th of September, to prepare for the ensuing election.

Correspondent of the Free Democrat.

DAKOTA, Sept. 20, '52.

After remaining at Waupun through three Conventions—during which time I staid at the "Boston House," an excellect tavern kept by C. B. Carrington, who knows well how to cater for the travelling public—I started for Dakota, a place about 50 miles distant, which sprang into existence, but a few days ago, like many other cities in the West, with the rapidity of the flowers of the tropics.

The first village on the route is Mackford—14 miles from Waupun—all the way one vast and beautifully rolling prairie, of unsurpassed fertility, until within one half mile of Mackford, where you enter a woody region and descend quite an abrupt hill into the village. Mackford is situated on the Grand river, and the appearance of the country about it, reminded me forcibly of New York. It contains two stores, a tavern, a flouring mill, a saw mill, and some fine dwelling houses, and is really quite a smart business place.

Travelling two miles further to the Westward, through a light oak opening country, you come to Granville, a village somewhat larger than Mackford, and in the same town. It contains some half dozen stores and groceries, and a flouring mill, and is pleasantly located on the border of a prairie.—Leaving Granville, you traverse a prairie country, for some five miles, and then enter the opening again. The soil here immediately assumes a black and sandy character, which continues over a large portion of the Indian country. Princeton—13 miles from Granville—is the next village, is situated on the Fox river. The river is extremely low, and I saw nothing to indicate that boats ever passed up and down it, but was told that lumber boats passed up it frequently to the Wisconsin river, and thence down to St. Louis. There are 3 public houses and several stores in Princeton.

Something less than two miles below Princeton, on the Fox, is situated St. Marie, a new and flourishing village of about a year's growth. Hamilton, a small village near St. Marie, has been almost entirely removed to the latter place, during the past summer.

The distance from Princeton to Dakota is 18 miles. Dakota dates its existence back no longer than 18 months ago, and it now contains a flouring mill, a saw mill, a school house, a store, and 8 or 10 private residences, some of which are quite fine houses.—A public house is also in contemplation.

The McCann river runs through the town and furnishes the village with one of the best water powers in the State. This is a beautiful, clear deep, and rapid stream and abounds in excellent water powers, sufficient to propel any amount of machinery. I have seen no portion of Wisconsin, that is so well watered as this. I noticed the crops, all along my route from Waupun to this place, looked extremely fine, nor could I perceive but a trifle difference between the growth of straw on sandy and that on loamy soil.

I learn that the proprietors of the Berlin Messenger proposed to remove their paper to Fond du Lac, but finding on investigation, no prospect of benefitting themselves by the change, concluded to remain where they are.

I have found, wherever I have been, that Free Soilism is not dead, and those who believe such to be the case, will be astonished at the resurrection of Free Soilers on the 2d of November. The landlord at Mackford told me, he had scarcely seen a man from the North, in three weeks, who was not a Hale man.

At Princeton I heard news of a like cheering import. The mass of the people in this county, I believe, are opposed to the two old Slave-catching Platforms, and will record their votes against them. As the Marquette Mercury said, there are a great many white people up here, and they generally possess *white* principles, and will never stultify themselves so much as to vote for men, the *Alpha* and *Omega* of whose political creed is, the "Fugitive Slave law;" and all attempts of the Mercury to hoodwink and wheedle them into the support of Pierce and Slavery, by chicanery and political dishonesty, will prove abortive. Its "stated preaching" about Gen. Pierce's opposition to Slavery on account of his locality, is universally repudiated.

The Free Democracy, here as elsewhere, expect that whatever shall be the result of this election, the cause of Freedom will still survive, and it is this belief that inspires them with a determination to maintain right and oppose wrong, that Slavery with all its political ostracism, injustice and oppression may finally be overthrown and our government become what our fathers intended it should be a republican government in fact as well as in name, exercising a benign influence in favor of human liberty throughout the world. I have faith to believe, that this hope will be yet realized in spite of the action of Slaveholding Conventions.

C. D. B.

For the Free Democrat.

The Free-Will Baptists and Slavery.

MR. EDITOR: The following resolutions were unanimously passed at the September term of the Fond du Lac Quarterly Meeting:

Whereas, Slavery is the great curse of the American Republic, destructive of the happiness and liberties of the people, blasting all the fair fruits of the tree of liberty, poisoning public sentiment and tending only to the overthrow of our free Institutions; repugnant to the principles of virtue, an outrage upon the rights of man and a crime against God; and inasmuch as the two great political parties while the eyes of the world were upon them, laid the foundation of their National Platforms deep in the wrongs of three millions of our fellow citizens and pledged their support to American Slavery. Therefore,

Resolved, That we are impelled by our love of liberty, by the principles of philanthropy, by the dictates of justice and by the revealed will of the Eternal God, to open our mouths for the oppressed and plead the cause of the helpless at the bar of humanity.

2. *Resolved*, That we consider it the duty of every patriot and christian "to agitate" the subject of human rights, resist resolutely and firmly the encroachments of slavery, and to seek, by every means in their power, its entire destruction from our country.

3. *Resolved*, That as for the Fugitive Slave Law, we hate and detest it as the black code of piracy, and consider obedience to it high treason against the cause of Freedom and the Government of God.

4. *Resolved*, That inasmuch as the Whig and Democratic candidates for the Presidency, have endorsed the principles laid down in the platforms of their parties, to support *them* would be to support their *principles*, and hence those who profess to be the friends of the oppressed and aid by their votes the elevation of either of them to this office, are inconsistent with their professions, and have joined hands with the oppressor; and, moreover are utterly inexcusable, since there are candidates for that office who are the *known* and *tried* friends of liberty.

MOSES C. STANLEY, Moderator.
EDWARD SIKES, Clerk.

NEWS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

Arrival of Gen. Scott at Cleveland.

Cleveland, Sept. 20.

Gen. Scott arrived at six and a half o'clock on the Pittsburgh train and was enthusiastically received by five thousand people, who had waited for an hour in a soaking rain. He was escorted by three military companies and the light artillery of Cleveland and Ohio City, to the American, where he briefly addressed an immense crowd who greeted him with the most hearty applause.

Buffalo, Sept. 20.

Mr. Maillefort made a successful attempt to reach the wreck of the Atlantic. John Green, diver. Nothing done owing to the roughness of the water. The diver went below the deck of the Atlantic one hundred and forty-four feet from the surface. No difficulty—pipes worked well.

Washington, Sept. 20.

Secretary Corwin has tendered his resignation.

The following appointments have been made by the President:

Thomas M. Foote, of Buffalo, as Charge d'Affairs to Austria—vice McCurdy.

John Wilson, of Washington, as Commissioner General of the Land Office—in place of Butterfield.

New York, Sept. 21.

The Times has a special despatch from Washington saying that a great explosion had taken place in the Gardner Committee today. It is not Secretary Corwin but another party is in fault, which has caused much excitement.

The despatch exonerates Mr. Corwin, but reiterates the report that he has sent in his resignation.

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.

A letter from Pernambuco says that the sugar crop promises a large yield.

Buffalo, Sept. 23.

Lake imports last 24 hours—Flour 2638 bbls, wheat 35,309 bus, corn 1526 bus., whiskey 175 bbls, ashes 120 bbls.

N. Y., Sept. 23.

S. S. Southwick, familiarly known as John Smith, Jr., has avowed himself a candidate for Congress in the 7th district.

The report of the prevalence of the yellow fever at Savannah, Ga., is contradicted.

Bishop Scott of the M. E. Church is to proceed to Africa in time to be present at the Liberian Conference in January, and will be accompanied by Rev. Jas. H. Perry and Rev. Wm Henry who will remain in the mission.

Rochester, Sept. 23.

The cholera has so far abated that the Board of Health have ceased to make reports.

JUDICIAL ELECTION.—We look upon this election as one of great importance; as one that will settle the question as to whether we are to have an independent Judiciary or a party Judiciary. We look upon it as far more important in this view: that the first nomination be broken down, than on account of the men nominated. We can all feel that the question on the election of the Hunker ticket is not whether the men are capable, but whether the Judicary cannot be pressed into the service of party; whether it can not be made a bait for lawyers.

If it is to be so, those Judges thus nominated as party man, *ought to take the stump.* Let them wrap their robes round them and electioneer. If they are to be chosen merely as politicians, let them do the work of politicians, address the people, work, win popularity. They must come to it, if the office is to be a political one, and they ought to begin now. If their present nomination as politicians won't shock the people, their electioneering can't do it—ought not to do it.—*Racine Advocate.*

For the Free Democrat.

The Spirit Lover.

We never met but once. It was a night
Of mirth, and joy, and gay festivity;
And hearts were beating to the measured tone
Of sweetest music; and the ruby wine
Sparkled and foamed beneath the dancers' lips;
And the light forms of beauty flitted round
Like fairy spirits, in their thoughtless glee,
Unconscious of their lovliness. The air
Was deeply laden with the nectar breath
Of gentle maidens; and the watching moon
Threw down her silver radiance on the night,
Heavy, and burthened with the incense deep,
Of a many a heart, which dare not whisper forth
Its tender dreamings.

There was one whose look
Flew like an arrow to my very soul,
And pierced it through. The lightning of that glance
Left its electric essence on my heart,
To thrill its depths forever. Onward rushed
The breathless dancers; and there came a mist,
Dim as a twilight vapor, o'er my eyes,
And shut the glimmering of the moonbeams out,
And all the candles gleaming.

I stood still,
I know not where, nor how; and yet I heard
The air grow tremulous, and echo back
The murmuring music of my haunted heart.

I felt a breath, soft as elysian zephyrs,
On my brow; and quivringly my hand
Lay unresisting in a fervent clasp.
Then a deep world, flooded with Light and Life,
Came up before my spirit, as I gazed
In the calm beauty of those holy eyes.

We did not speak a word; and yet we heard
The very thoughts that rushed so wildly up
Within each others bosoms.

Time has flown,
And often when the stars are twinkling out
On the still midnight, and the winds are low,
He comes to me, and lightly on my cheek,
I feel his spirit breath.

And we are *one*.
Earth cannot long divide us.

When the grave
Shall cast its shadows o'er my pulseless breast,
I shall be there with him, my only love.

Milwaukee, Sept. 20. MARY.

National Woman's Rights Convention.

We should like to publish full proceedings of this convention, but our limits, and other duties forbid. We give the following from the Cleveland True Democrat:

WEDNESDAY Evening.

I was not able to write during the evening session. The house was so densely crowded, it was impossible to write, and almost so to breathe. The addresses were all impromptu, able and spirited. Mrs. E. O. Smith read an admirable letter from John Neal, of Portland, Maine, covering the entire ground of all claimed by the women of this movement. The 3d, 4th and 6th resolutions were again read, and Gerrit Smith, the drafter of them, spoke upon them in his usual forcible manner—asserting his full belief in the equality, mental and moral of woman and man—that neither was superior—woman not yet an angel—but claimed upon the broad ground of her common humanity, her common rights. A gentleman of Syracuse rose to reply, repeating mere assertions as to what is woman's proper sphere. Gerrit Smith said, that instead of venturing a reply to him, he would commend him to the tender mercies of those so well able to defend themselves—commiserating him that he should be doomed to meet the fate of Abimilech of old—slain by a woman—without his resource for escape.

Lucy Stone came upon the stand warmly greeted, and made one of the most eloquent and effective addresses I have ever heard upon any subject. Its logic, power, and pathos were equal, and unrivaled. Her vindication of this movement as the natural out-growth of the sublime Declaration of our noble Fathers, of which all boast so much—her appeal to her brothers to be worthy sons of worthy sires, to make their lives consistent with those noble truths—or change those into fitting correspondence with their lives—and to her sisters to emulate the self-denial and unshrinking courage of our pilgrim mothers—were beyond description. As her eloquence mounted on from step to step, never faltering, never failing, a sublime murmur of delight and wondering admiration ran through the vast assembly, and eyes kindled and glowed and grew moist. Mrs. Mott followed in a few brief words, referring to the last young speaker as an ultimate refutation of the objections urged by the gentleman speaker against the appearing of woman in public. The remark was warmly greeted. She argued, moreover the general subject, in an able manner, and after a few general remarks the meeting adjourned.

Thursday Morning.

After the reading of the report by the Secretary, and the transaction of business in relation to committees, Mr. S. J. May announced that five hundred season tickets had been sold for the Convention, and two hundred more ordered. Mrs. Gage of Manlius, read an able address, referring to the noted women of the past, and deploring the aimless life of young girls and women. It was handed to the printing committee for publication. I. E. Jones of Ohio, followed, uttering what rights she wished and urging all to *take them*, as she did. Lucy Stone objected—it could not be done in regard to many of them. Instanced the case of women in Massachusetts, who had apprenticed themselves printers, and were expelled, because the men would not continue. Harriet K. Hunt endeavored to enter Harvard College, but was sacrificed—"No, not sacrificed, here I am," replied Miss Hunt. "Only 'suspended,' our President suggests,' continued Miss S. and concluded by urging women to be loyal to themselves, patronize those of their own sex who are devoted to the arts and professions—with a Miss Brown and a Dr. Hunt, we need not go elsewhere for physicians or teachers. I thank God, she said, Miss Brown can preach, although not ordained. C.

Meeting adjourned.

A clergyman, who was consoling a young widow on the death of her husband, spoke in a very serious tone, remarking that he was "one of the few. Such a jewel of a christian. You cannot find his equal, you know." To which the weeping fair one replied, with an almost broken heart, "I don't know, but I'll try."

THE OLDEST BOOK YET.—Archbishop Purcell, of this city, has a Bible now in his possession, printed in the year *fourteen hundred and seventy-nine*, thirteen years before the discovery of America. Strange to say, though the volume has been re-bound several times the paper and lettering are as clear and firms as if an impression of yesterday, and bid fair to last four centuries longer. The book can not but be regarded as one of the greatest curiosities, and is, no doubt, the most ancient in the country.—*Cin. Com.*

Mr. Charles Durkee.

We last week placed the name of this gentleman at the head of our columns as the candidate of the people for member of Congress, and were very glad indeed to do so; for we feared Mr. Durkee might decline running again.

Mr. Durkee has now been elected to Congress from this District for two terms, (four years,) and is a man we can rely upon for character, truth, and honor. We are well aware that an effort is making to prejudice Mr. Durkee in this community, on account of the omission of Racine in the late harbor bill. Mr. Durkee will explain that matter to the people, and fully to their satisfaction; and show that the fault was not his.

We think, however, that even were it so, those who vote for Pierce should have little to say. Their candidate has repeatedly voted against harbor bills; has pronounced them wrong; and if he is consistent must veto them.

Mr. Durkee is known as a man of perfect truth, one whose word is always to be relied on—a conscientious, intelligent, able man; and we could not get a better one in our district.—*Racine Advocate.*

A fatal railroad accident occurred Sept. 17th at Cabotville, Mass., just as the excursion train was leaving for this place. The engineer, in letting on the steam too suddenly, caused such a concussion of the cars as to throw all the passengers from their seats; two of whom; Mr. Stone, from Northampton, and another (name unknown) from Holyoke, were killed.

MORE RAILROAD IRON.—The Brig *John Hancock*, arrived this morning from Buffalo, with a full load of Railroad iron for the Fond du Lac and Chicago route.—*Green Bay Spectator.*

Wanted.—A young, Maltese, Thomas cat. A purhaser, may be found at this office. Sept. 16. dtf

$10,000 TO LOAN,

IN SUMS to suit applicants. Bonds, Mortgages, Notes and other Securities, bought and sold.

Capitalists seeking investments will find it to their advantage to consult us.

☞ Office Kirby's Block, corner East Water and Wisconsin sts. may2 POWER & SCHLEY.

STREET COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, 4th ward, Milwaukee.

NOTICE is hereby given to the owners, agents, or occupants of lots one (1) and four (4) in block 68, south side of Spring street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, that they build or lease to be built, a brick sidewalk in front of said lots. Said work to be done in 20 days from this date, and agreeable to Engineers' estimate, now on file with Controller.

And further notice to owners, agents, or occupants of lots on North side of Spring street, that they build a Plank sidewalk in front of their respective lots, from Eighth to Tenth streets. The plank to be not over 8 inches wide, and laid cross-wise; and spiked to three substantial stringers running length-wise. Said work to be completed in 20 days from this date; and if not done by that time, the same will be done by this Board, and the expense thereof charged according to provisions of City Charter.

S. C. WEST, A. H. JOHNSTON, JOHN FISHBACK, } Street Commissioners.
Milwaukee, Sept. 13th, 1852. d10

STREET COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Fourth Ward, Milwaukee.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, Street Commissioners, at the house of A. H. Johnston, until Wednesday noon, 15th inst., for filling and spreading to an even surface——cubic yards of Earth sufficient to abate the nuisance complained of on the following lots 4 and 10 in block 57, and lots 1, 5, 14, 15, 16, in block 145.

Contractors to furnish the necessary Earth for filling said lots.

S. C. WEST, A. H. JOHNSTON, JOHN FISCHBACK, Street Commissioners, Fourth Ward.
Milwaukee, Sept. 13th, 1852. d10t

SUPPOSED to be lost in December or January last, a letter mailed at Middlebury, Vt., with a Bounty Land Warrant, and power of Attorney, directed to Andrew Mitchell, Esq., Milwaukee, Wisconsin. The number of said Warrant, 8410; number of acres 160; and I shall apply to the Commissioner of Pensions for a duplicate of such a Warrant agreeable to law in such case made and provided.

Dated at Huntington, in the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, Sept. 6th, A. D. 1850.

sep17-w6w* DAVIS TUCKER,
Warantee in the application for renewal.

TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.—A large lot on hand, and for sale very low, at 136 East Water street, by sep17-d LAKE & WILLIAMS.

PAINT BRUSHES.—We have a good stock on hand which we are offering at prices that cannot fail to suit, at 136, East Water street.

sep17-d LAKE & WILLIAMS.

CANARY AND HEMP SEED.—Can always be found at 136, E. Water St.

sep17-d LAKE & WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE, AT A CHEAP RATE.—An English made double barrelled Shot Gun—real Damascus twist barrels. Apply at this office.

GREAT SALE OF CITY LOTS.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Menjah T. Williams, deceased, in pursuance of an order from the Judge of Probate of the county of Milwaukee, will offer at **Public Sale**, on Spring-st., near the American House, on Wednesday, the 13th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following Lots in the Second and Fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee, subject to the Tax for 1852.

The terms of sale will be one-fourth cash, and the remainder in one, two and three years, with interests at seven per cent. per annum.

Second Ward,				Fourth Ward,			
Block	3	Lot	6	Block	54	Lot	14
"	9	"	15	"	55	"	15
"	11	"	8	"	60	"	11
"	12	"	10	"	65	"	3
"	12	"	13	"	68	"	3 & 6
"	15	"	6	"	73	"	3
"	21	"	3	"	76	"	3
"	26	"	9	"	78	"	2
"	43	"	3 & 2	"	80	"	14
"	47	"	5	"	81	"	6
"	47	"	7	"	84	"	8
"	52	"	16	"	132	"	9
"	89	"	2	"	132	"	15
"	99	"	9	"	132	"	16
"	100	"	12	"	134	"	1
"	102	"	11	"	137	"	7
"	102	"	12	"	138	"	2
"	105	"	3	"	138	"	3
"	105	"	6	"	136	"	16
"	114	"	1	"	139	"	7
"	116	"	11	"	152	"	8
"	117	"	2	"	154	"	5
"	118	"	15	"	154	"	6
"	119	"	8	"	154	"	7
"	127	"	17				
"	128	"	3				
"	130	"	1				

CHAS. H. WILLIAMS, Adm'r,
With the will annexed of the estate of M. T. Williams.
Milwaukee, Aug. 31, '52. sep11-tuw6w

SAMUEL D. HASTINGS.
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Front Street, La Crosse, La Crosse County, Wisconsin.

CONSIGNMENT of Flour, Pork, Provisions, and of all kinds of manufactured articles, respectfully solicited.

Consignors may rely upon every effort being made to effect sales to the best advantage, and upon prompt returns.

REFER TO
E. D. Holton, Esq., Milwaukee | J. G. Knapp, Esq., Madison
G. W. Campbell, Galena, Ill. | Z. Eastman, Esq., Chicago
Lewis Tappan, Esq., N. York. | Hon. Geo. Gale, La Crosse

SOUTHERN HOMINY—Constantly on hand and for sale by je29 H. REED.

SCHOOL LIBRARIES—700 volumes of the best and choicest kinds this day received, which, together with those before on hand and constantly arriving, make the selection from my stock the most desirable of any in the State. None but the best books, and those approved by Teachers and Superintendents, will be sold at all. Committees and others purchasing will do well to call. aug10 S. CHAPMAN.

PRODUCE AGENCY.

N. G. STORRS would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he will attend personally to the disposing of Flour, Wheat and oth grain and also all other kinds of Farmers produce that may be consigned to him. He will also attend to purchasing any goods that may be ordered, and make returns of Bags and Money or Goods with promptness and fidelity.

He flatters himself that from his thorough knowledge of the Milwaukee market he will be able to obtain higher or at least, as high prices as those who come in with their own produce, and make purchases of goods quite as low as they can.

Office near the Railroad Depot.
Milwaukee Sept. 1st 1852. sept4-wtf

SPIRITS TURPENTINE AND CAMPHINE.—10 barrels for sale, at the Milwaukee Oil Store, by L. P. SWIFT,
sp13 111 East Water st.

160 ACRES OF LAND, adjoining the City, at a bargain, by which a few thousand dollars can be made within three years.

☞ Also Houses and Lots for sale in good neighborhoods in the City.

sep7 GEO. E. H DAY.

HARDWARE AND STOVES.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!
WEST SIDE OF THE RIVER.

A. K. WILLIAMS, 25 Spring street, *first door east of the American House*, Milwaukee, has on hand,

A Large Stock of Goods!

Which he will sell at wholesale or retail, for CASH, as *Cheap as the Cheapest!* as his expenses are ☞ less than any similar establishment in the city.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase articles in this line, would do well to call and see for themselves, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full and complete assortment, at reduced prices.

Carpenters

Can be furnished with Planes, Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Augers, Levels, Bevels, &c., besides a general assortment of HOUSE TRIMMINGS!

Blacksmiths and Waggon Makers,

With Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Springs, Axles, Hammers, Files, Chisels, Rimmers, &c.

Coopers,

With Knives, Truss Hoops, Adzes, Shaves, Howels, &c.

Farmers,

Will find a complete assortment of Farming Utensils.

American, English & Swedes Iron, Steel,

Nails, Glass, Sash, Shovels, Spades, Picks, Crow Bars, Axles and Springs; 2, 3 and 4 tined Forks; Coil, Log and Ox Chains; Chain and Cast Pumps, Currycombs and Cards, Horse and Paint Brushes. Also an assortment of Enamelled and Tin Sauce Pans and Kettles; Shovels and and Tongs, Fire Setts and Standards; Trays, Waiters in setts, Brass and Pillar Candlesticks, Brass and Glass Curtain Pins and Bands, &c.

☞ *AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH GLASS.*
Milwaukee, June, 1852.

HARDWARE AND IRON DEALERS.

W. H. BYRON & CO., *(Sign of the Anvil,)* No. 153 East Water street, Milwaukee, are in receipt of the largest and best selected stock of HARDWARE and IRON ever brought to this market. In our stock will be found a very extensive and complete assortment of

IRON AND STEEL,

Of every description, and of the best quality. A large assortment of

KEESEVILLE NAILS—which we offer at the lowest market prices.
WINDOW GLASS—of every size, both French and American.
TOOLS—Blacksmiths', Carpenters' and Joiners', and a complete assortment of every other kind.
AXES—Collins', Simmons', Hunt's, Davis', and Albany Co.; also Broad, Hand and Lathing Hatchets, Adzes, &c.
SHELF HARDWARE—a most perfect and general assortment, in all its varieties.
TINNERS' STOCK—Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Iron Wire, Braziers' Rods, Copper, Zinc, &c.

☞ We are also Agents for Peck, Smith & Co's TINNERS' MACHINES AND TOOLS, which we can at all times furnish at manufacturers's prices.

☞ The senior of our firm having spent considerable time in the eastern markets, has given his personal attention to the importation and selection of our entire stock, and we feel confident it is not surpassed by any in the western country, and which we offer for sale at prices that defy competition. WM. H. BYRON & CO.
Milwaukee, May, 1852.

IMPORTANT CHANGE
AT THE
IRVING BOOK STORE!

The undersigned having purchased the entire interest of I. A. Hopkins in the stock of **Books, Stationery, &c., at No. 146, U. S. Block,** would announce to the purchasers of Literature throughout Wisconsin and the west generally, that we are prepared to supply their wants in every department of the trade, at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

At the lowest prices, for **Cash.** Pledging ourselves not to be undersold, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. W. R. PERRY,
August 16, 1852. d&wtf. H. D. HULL.

GREAT ATTRACTION, AT OTT'S BOOKSTORE,
No. 275 East Water street, Milwaukee.

The subscriber has just received, direct from Germany and France, the largest and choicest collection of Fancy Goods of every variety, ever imported into this city, including the following, viz:

Toys, Portfolios, Monnias, Purses, Jewelries, &c.

Thus affording the citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity an opportunity of selecting from an extensive stock. All the articles will be sold at the lowest possible prices for cash.

The public are respectfully invited to call, that seeing they can judge for themselves. C. OTT,
may1 Importer of Fancy Goods and Toys.

GOFF'S ICE CREAM SALOON,
MARTIN'S BLOCK.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Milwaukee, that he has again fitted up his spacious Saloon, in which will be served up at all hours,

Ice Cream, Iced Waters, Soda Water, Lemonade, Whips, &c.

Also, Pickled Oysters, Clams, Sardines, Lobsters, Coffee, and every delicacy the season affords,

in a style not surpassed by any establishment in the city I would here return my sincere thanks for the generous patronage heretofore bestowed, and trust by continued exertion on my part, to still merit a continuance of the same.

June 13 H. J. GOFF.

TO THE LADIES OF MILWAUKEE.

GO TO MRS. ROCKWOOD, at the City Hotel, Parlor 56, and learn to CUT DRESSES for yourselves and others. Only half a day is required to learn this improved rule and plan. It is the best and most simple mode yet invented. Hundreds in the eastern cities are already cutting by this improved plan, and all who try it acknowledge it to be perfect.

Please call and satisfy yourselves.

A Diploma has been awarded to the inventor by the American Institute of New York, for this great advantage of modern facility. Go and improve your form—nothing to pay if you do not choose to learn.

Mrs. Rockwood remains but a short time.

Terms—$3, including the model patterns. Cut to fit the form, for 25 cents. Models furnished by the dozen or one hundred, on reasonable terms. Also, Dresses cut to order. MRS. M. ROCKWOOD.
july21-d1w

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—John Gregory & Son, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, have their offices now at No. 8 Kneeland's Block East Water st.

sept2-dtf

PANAMA, LEGHORN AND STRAW HATS—All kinds and qualities, and a good assortment can always be had by calling at ROGERS',
je26 173 East Water street.

TO MILWAUKEE BUSINESS MEN AND ADVERTISERS.

THE "OSHKOSH DEMOCRAT" presents to business men a better medium of advertising, than any other country paper in the State. The weekly edition is 1000—41 quires—larger than that of *any* other in the State, and *twice* as large as more than half the others. It is sent regularly to *every village and post office* on Fox and Wolf rivers, and Lake Winnebago, from Green Bay to Fort Winnebago, and from Fond du Lac to Lake Shasno, and Stephens' Point on the Wisconsin, and circulates extensively in Fond du Lac, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Portage, Waushara, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown and Calumet counties; and to *every* precinct in its own (Winnebago) county.

☞ What is said here of its circulation and comparative merits, as an advertising medium, is susceptible of *positive* demonstration to all who may desire it.

☞ The patronage of Business Men and Advertisers respectfully solicited. GEORGE BURNSIDE & CO.
June 21, 1852. dtf Oshkosh, Wisconsin.

STATIONERY.

Cap, Letter, Folio-post, Demy, Medium, Writing, Drawing, Envelope, Tissue, Blotting, colored Medium, Marble, Morocco, Gold printed, Glazed, Silver, Gilt and Wedding Paper.
Emerald, Floral, Embossed, Gilded, Cartoon, Enamelled Satin, Ivory and Printer's Cards.
Gold and Steel Pens; wood, tin and ornamented penholders.
Cedar, drawing, slate and Crayon Pencils; porcelain and stone slates.
Buff, white, note, cream and mourning Envelopes, red, carmine, black and India Ink.
Note, letter, and Notarial Wafers; white, scarlet, colored and spangled Sealing Wax.
Letter Clips, Letter Stamps, Backgammon Boards, Chessmen, plotting instruments, red tape, water colors, O. H. pencils, striping pencils, sand boxes, wafer boxes, Ink stands, &c. &c.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Of all the kinds used in the State of Wisconsin.

A good assortment of Paper-Hangings.

Green, blue and dark figured Chinese and blended Cutain Papers; Fire-board Prints, a beautiful article.

☞ The above are sold Wholesale or Retail, as low can be purchased in this market for cash.

☞ Country dealers supplied.
may1-dac S. CHAPMAN

"IMPROVED TRIUMPH."

THE subscribers are now manufacturing the above named STOVE, which for durability, action, and the general satisfaction it gives, has NO EQUAL; and being an entirely NEW STOVE in this market, will be an inducement for the public to examine it, before purchasing elsewhere. We have two sizes of the above, and various other kinds of stoves kept by the trade.

All of which are of Milwaukee manufacture.

☞ For Sale at 290 West Water street, and 127 East Water street, Milwaukee.

☞ Extra Plates furnished when wanted. The highest price paid for Old Iron, in exchange.
feb27 DECKER & SEVILLE.

Street Commissioners' Notice—2d Ward.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Vliet street, between Third and Seventh streets, and Fourth street between Tamarack and Cedar streets, are ordered to be graded within twenty-five days from date, and that if such work is not done by that time, the undersigned will contract for the same. FRANCIS HUEBSCHMANN,
ISAAC NEUSTADTL,
Street Commissioners of the Second Ward.
Dated Milwaukee, Sept. 16th, 1852. d10t.

AUCTION SALES!

By CALEB WALL, Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

Carpenters and Cabinet Makers Attend.

TO-morrow morning at 10 o'clock I will sell a complete Chest of Tools of one of who is going to California.—There is every one which a Carpenter wants. The sale will take place at the Store Room, formerly occupied by Powers, opposite United States Hotel.

sept23 CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

City Auction Room.

I AM PREPARED, with all the means and assistance necessary, to do what business may be offered in the AUCTION AND COMMISION LINE.

I presume every person knows me, and all know my mode of doing business. Promptness has ever been my motto. I have been carrying on the Auction and Commission business for upwards of three years, and I have sold large quantities of goods. My friends and fellow citizens have stood by me like brethren, and I believe every person has been satisfied with my course, and rejoice at my prosperity, for which I am duly grateful.

I trust that I may continue to receive business from those who may have business to do in my line; and I will endeavor to get the highest prices. Advances made on all descriptions of property.

sep7 CALEB WALL,
City Auctioneer and Notary Public for Milwaukee City and County.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WILL HAVE regular Auction Sales every evening, commencing at 7 o'clock. The Goods I have to sell are all new, fresh and good. The goods are all such as are wanted for the approaching season; and no misrepresentation will be made by me about my goods; all goods I warrant. If they are different to what I represent them they can be returned any time.

CALEB WALL,
sep10 City Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I WILL give particular attention to sale of Real Estate, and to all description of Goods that any one wants to dispose of at Auction. I can sell them if any one can.

CALEB WALL,
sep8 City Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
CITY JOBBING AND CITY AUCTION ROOM.

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS worth of Staple Dry Goods now receiving direct from Boston, and New York, which I will sell at a very small profit for cash. Some one or two of my fellow merchants are little vexed because I sell goods so cheap. I cannot help it. I have no one to divide profits with, and of course I can sell cheaper, and I presume I bought my goods very cheap, as I paid cash for a large portion of them. CALEB WALL,
sep7 City Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

BY LIGHTNING LINE!

Hudson River Railroad!

Two and a Half Days from New York.

RECEIVED this day, from one of the largest establishments in New York City, THREE TRUNKS, containing FIFTY pieces of various colors,

Silk Watered Poplins, for Fall Dresses,

And will be sold at retail at an immense sacrifice, at private sale.

Ladies, call and purchase a handsome cheap dress.

sep8 CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

LOOK out for a large Furniture Sale on Tuesday next 21st. Due notice and describing the Furniture will be given in time. CALEB WALL,
sep15 City Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
CHICKERING'S PIANOS.

REMEMBER I have them for sale, and remember I buy old Pianos. Remember I am ready to advance on all description of Furniture, and to attend to all sales at my store or from my store, and at as moderate per cent, as one can live by, and make immediate returns. I can be found at all hours from 7½ o'clock A. M., to 10 P. M., at my Store, where goods are going morning and night cheap. CALEB WALL,
sep15 City Auctioneer

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

I AM now receiving Goods which will be disposed as directed, and in course of ten days I am empowered to sell three thousand dollars worth at Public Auction—a full catalogue describing the Goods will be prepared. Due notice will be given when and where the sale will take place CALEB WALL,
sep15 City Auctioneer.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

WANTED, a first rate Porter, one who understands his business thoroughly, and will be willing to work. He must be perfectly temperate. Such a person can obtain a permanent situation and liberal wages, by calling on me.—A single man I want. CALEB WALL,
sep8 City Auctioneer

CITY AUCTION ROOM.
TO THE PUBLIC.

IN presenting this advertisement, I do not want you to look at it and say "ANOTHER HUMBUG." Not so! for facts will speak for themselves. It is a very common thing now-a-days to get up tremendous large show bills, trying to excite the community by promising great and monstrous things. I desire to do nothing of the kind. I simply want to state that I spent some two or three weeks or more in New York and Boston, purchasing Staple Dry Goods calculated for the trade of Wisconsin; which goods were purchased of the First Class of Houses, at the lowest possible prices, and many of them were purchased for Cash and on very short time. Now I want to sell these Goods in the same way, and I will sell them at a very small profit. I know not how other merchants sell their goods, nor do I know how they purchased them. They understand their business and are clever fellows. But this one fact let me state. I have no one to divide the profits with, and I sell no goods upon risk; therefore I can sell goods at a much smaller profit than if I had two or three partners to divide profits with. What I want is this; those who purchase goods for cash, or have Wheat or Flour to exchange for goods, call and see whether what I state is true or not. Never mind what any one says. Come and let your own eyes and judgment be your guides. I have facilities and arrangements made for any quantity of goods and at prices that every one will be satisfied with. All my goods are staple, and I am satisfied that a better assortment of the same description of goods cannot be found in the City of Milwaukee. So remember the City Cash Auction Store. CALEB WALL,
sep15. City Auctioneer.

Ten Thousand Dollars worth of Staple Dry Goods,

CARDS.

DR. S. M. DAVIS,
Office and residence on Bridge street, three doors east of the Methodist Church. Professional calls strictly attended to. Waukesha, Dec. 12, 1851.

C. ROBINSON,
Manufacturer and Dealer in Harnesses, Bridles, Saddles, Trunks, &c. Waukesha, Dec. 6, 1851.

DR. R. DUNLAP,
May be found at the house of Mrs. Chubey, on Church street, a few doors west of the Congregational Church, and will always be ready to serve his friends when not personally engaged. Waukesha, Dec. 8, 1851.

A. COOK,
Attorney at Law, and Notary Public. Office opposite the Post Office. Waukesha, Wis.

J. H. HURLBURT,
Painter and Glazier, Opposite Hungy's Exchange, Waukesha, Wis. dec5

DR. E. H. WEST,
Physician and Surgeon, Waukesha, Wis. Office and residence, Division street, near the Catholic Church. December, 6, 1851.

HOLMES & CO.,
House, Sign, Carriage and Ornamental Painters, Paper-Hanging, Glazing, Imitation of Wood, Stone, &c. Shop corner Main and Clinton street, dec18 Waukesha, Wis.

E. HURLBURT,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public, Oconomowoc, Waukesha County Wisconsin. December, 1851.

CHASE & HOWELL,
Dealers in all kinds of Pine Lumber, Lumber Yard near the Railroad Depot. Waukesha, dec8

DR. L. C. SLAYE,
Continues the practice of his profession at Waukesha and vicinity, and may be found, when not professionally engaged, at his residence, Church street, five doors east of the Baptist Church. Waukesha, dec8

C. ALEXANDER,
Keeps constantly on hand and for sale, all kinds of Harnesses, Trunks, Saddles, &c. All kinds of Job Work in his line done on the shortest notice. Shop opposite Coles Block. Waukesha, dec8

W. CHADNEIR,
Has returned to Waukesha, and opened a Boot and Shoe Shop, sign of the big Boot, where he will be happy to serve customers on the ready pay system, and feels confident that he can give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call.
Waukesha, Dec. 6, 1852.

WELLS, FARGO & COMPANY'S CALIFORNIA EXPRESS.

A JOINT STOCK COMPANY—CAPITAL $300,000.

OFFICE 16 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

THIS COMPANY, having completed its organization as above, is now ready to undertake a general

Express Forwarding, Agency and Commission Business; the purchase and sale of Gold Dust, Bullion, and Bills of Exchange; the payment and collection of Notes, Bills and Accounts; the forwarding of Gold Dust, Bullion and Specie; also Packages, Parcels and Freight of all descriptions, in and between the city of New York and the city of San Francisco, and the principal cities and towns in California; connecting at New York with the lines of Wells, Butterfield & Co., and Livingston, Fargo & Co., forming the American Express Company; also with the Hornden Express, Pullen, Virgil A Co's Northern and Canada Express, Davenport & Mason's New Bedford Express, and Livingston, Wells & Co's European Express.

They have established Offices, and faithful Agents, in all the principal cities and towns throughout the eastern, middle and western States, and California; energetic and faithful Messengers, furnished with iron chests for the security of treasure, and other valuable packages, accompanying each Express upon all their lines, as well in California as in the Atlantic States.

Our several Agents in California are authorized to draw drafts on us, payable at the principal offices of the American Express Company, between New York and St. Louis, affording to persons in California the most convenient, prompt and reliable means of remitting to their friends in this country. Also, Drafts on California, for sale at the current rates of exchange.

SAMUEL P. CARTER, for many years connected with the American Express Company at Albany, and R. W. WASHBURN, late of the Bank of Syracuse, have been appointed principal agents in California.

The Agents of the American Express Company are authorized to act as Agents for this Company.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Wells, Aurora, N. Y.,	Wm. G. Fargo, Buffalo,
Johnston Livingston, N. Y.,	Alpheus Reynolds, do
Elijah P. Williams, Buffalo,	Jas. McKay, New York,
Edwin B. Morgan, Aurora, N. Y.,	Alex. M. C. Smith, do
Henry D. Rice, Elmira,	

EDWIN B. MORGAN, President
JAMES MCKAY, Secretary.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., 16 Wall st., New York.
W. C. BURRILL, Agent,
July8 Milwaukee, Wis

FOR SALE.
160 Acres of first rate land, in lots of 10 or 20 acres, within one mile of the city limits. The beautiful contour of the surface, the high quality of the land, and its vicinity to the city and one of the plank roads, with the low price demanded, render these lots peculiarly desirable as places of residence. Apply to
jy14 JOHN GREGORY, Wisconsin st.

WINDOW SHADE MANUFACTURER.
THOMAS VAUX, *(from New York,)* WINDOW SHADE MANUFACTURER, Prentiss' Block, opposite City Hotel, Milwaukee.
☞ He has on hand a good assortment of the latest and best styles of washable Transparent Window Shades.—Stores Shades and Screens made at the shortest notice.
☞ Emblems painted on Shades for I. O. of O. F., I. O. of R., S. of T., &c. sep19

KOSSUTH HATS—Of all qualities and prices, at ROGERS', jy28 173 East Water street.

CIGARS.—A few boxes Imported Cigars, of superior quality, for sale very low, at 136 East Water street, U. S. Block. July2 LAKE & WILLIAMS.

BULL, VAN DEUSEN & CO.,
WHIP AND CIGAR
Manufactory, Westfield, Mass.

The above firm have established their business in this part of the western country, for which they make Chicago and Milwaukee their general depots. They sell for cash exclusively. Their motto is "small profits and quick sales." They defy competition; it is sure death to any man or combination of men to undertake to compete with Hull, Van Deusen & Co.'s prices in whips and cigars. Their long experience in the business, and their extensive manufactory, enable them to get up a better article, and for less money, than any other firm in the United States.—For particulars, please examine our stock and prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

H. HULL, T. J. SALISBURY,
L. HULL, Gen. Traveling Agt.
E. R. VAN DEUSEN Aug. 12, 1852. dtf.

FLANDERS & CO.
EXPRESS.
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

Will advance Freight and Drayage, and receive at any regular Station on the Rail-Road, every and all kinds and descriptions of Country Produce, or articles of sale for Milwaukee market.

☞ Will take the same over the Railroad and sell for Farmers, Teamsters, or Country Merchants, at the highest cash price, and make returns of money, bags, boxes, orders, by the train of the succeeding day.

☞ Bags furnished on the Railroad, if desired, for one cent per bushel.

☞ An Express Agent will pass over the road each day, who will also attend to all Express matters, orders or errands. Office at

FLANDERS & CO.'S Warehouse, Milwaukee Depot.
June11-dac

LAMP OILS.—Of all kinds, and of a superior quality. Also Camphene and Burning Fluid, a first rate article, for sale cheap for cash, at the "Milwaukee Oil Store," 111 East Water street.
feb8 L. P. SWIFT.

BIRD CAGES! BIRD CAGES!
At 198 East Water Street.

JUST received, direct from the manufacturer, the largest and best assortment of

BIRD CAGES

ever brought to this city—there being over *thirty different varieties of Bird Cages* from which to select.

Quick Sales and Small Profits,

will be the motto hereafter. I am confident that I can sell at least 25 per cent less than any other establishment in the city. Give me a call. We won't consider it a trouble to show you the goods.
sep12 H. J. GOFF, 198 East Water st.

BIRD'S BOOKSTORE—WISCONSIN ST.
WHERE is now opening a large and splendid stock of NEW BOOKS, such as

Harper's Magazine, Graham's Magazine,
Godey's do Sartain's do

And other new books by the cord.
je23 B. B. BIRD, 17 Wisconsin street.

WANTED TO RENT A FARM, for one year, with the privilege of purchasing the same at the expiration of the term, at a price to be agreed on before the tenancy commences. As it is wanted for the purpose of raising stock, there should be a running stream on the premises.
N. B. The farm should be situated within four miles of an Episcopal Church. Apply to
jy28 JOHN GREGORY, Land Agent, Milwaukee.

FALL STYLES—Beebee and Genin's Fall style Hats received and for sale by
J. H. SILKMAN,
June23 152 East Water st., Milwaukee.

GLOVES, HOSIERY, SUSPENDERS, &c.—A large variety, at extremely low prices, at ROGERS' Hat, Cap, Clothing and Furnishing Store,
jy26 173 East Water st.

160 ACRES OF LAND, adjoining the City, at a bargain, by which a few thousand dollars can be made within three years.
☞ Also Houses and Lots for sale in good neighborhoods in the City.
sep7 GEO. E. H. DAY.

THE WISCONSIN LEATHER COMPANY,

Continue to deal in HIDES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, OIL, and all such articles as usually belong to this class of business. They have an extensive

TANNERY AT TWO RIVERS,

One of the largest in the United States, equal in capacity to two hundred and ninety-four of the ordinary sized vats. In this Mammoth establishment (into which they have introduced all the late improvements) they intend to manufacture *all kinds of Leather*, including Spanish Sole Leather, and of a superior quality of tannage, and thus expect to compete successfully in price and quality with the eastern dealers. They will also keep on hand most kinds of

Eastern Manufactured Leather,

so and thus enabled to suit all who may favor them with their custom.

As the aim of this Company will be in some degree to supply the great and growing Leather Trade of the West, and save consumers and dealers in Leather the expense and risk of going east for their stock, they have established their terms CASH, or its equivalent. By this rule of

LOW PRICES AND CASH,

they hope and confidently expect to do business greatly to the advantage of their customers. Their place of business is at the old stand of

Allis & Allen, - - 149 East Water st.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

☞ The highest price in Cash paid for Hides, either at the Store in Milwaukee, or at the Tannery in Two Rivers.

E. P. ALLIS, } Milwaukee, Wis.
WM. ALLEN, }
RUFUS ALLEN, } Cazenovia, N.Y.
G. W. ALLEN, }
C. WHITCOMB, Two Rivers.

Milwaukee, Wis., July, 1852.w

THE NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL United States Mail Steamers.—The ships composing this line are the following:

ATLANTIC, Capt. West, PACIFIC, Capt. Nye,
ARCTIC, Capt. Luce, BALTIC, Capt. Comstock,
ADRIATIC, Capt. Grafton,

These ships have been built by contract, expressly for Government service. Every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their Engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodation for passengers are unequalled for elegance and comfort. Price of passage from New York to Liverpool in first-class cabin, $120; in second do., $70; exclusive of extra size state rooms, $100; from Liverpool to New York, $30 and $20. An experienced surgeon attached to each ship. No berth secured until paid for.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM LIVERPOOL.
Saturday . . . Sept. 4, 1852	Wednesday . . . Sept. 8, 1852
Saturday . . . Sept. 18 1852	Wednesday . . . Sept 22 1852
Saturday . . . Oct. 2, 1852	Wednesday . . . Oct. 6, 1852
Saturday . . . Oct. 16, 1852	Wednesday . . . Oct. 20 1852
Saturday . . . Oct. 30, 1852	Wednesday . . . Nov. 3, 1852
Saturday . . . Nov. 13 1852	Wednesday . . . Nov. 17 1852
Saturday . . . Nov. 27 1852	Wednesday . . . Dec. 1, 1852
Saturday . . . Dec. 11 1852	Wednesday . . . Dec. 15 1852
Saturday . . . Dec. 25 1852	Wednesday . . . Dec. 29 1852

For freight or passengers apply to
EDWIN K. COLLINS & CO., No. 36 Wall-st., N. Y.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool,
E. G. ROBERTS & CO., No. 13, King's Arms Yard London.
JOHN MUNROE & CO., No. Rue Notre Dames des Victories, Paris, or GEO. H. DRAPER, Havre.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

State of Wisconsin } ss.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY }

On this 21st day of July, A. D. 1852, on reading and filing the petition of Joseph Oly, Administrator of the will of Reinfield Vogel, praying that a day may be appointed upon which to bring in his final account, as Administrator and make a settlement of the estate of said Vogel, it is ordered that said application be heard before me at my office, in the city of Milwaukee, on the 21st day of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. And be it further ordered that notice of such application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order, for three successive weeks, once in each week, in the "Free Democrat," a newspaper printed in said city, prior to said hearing.

By the Court, H. N. WELLS,
jy21-3w County Judge.

State of Wisconsin, } On this 9th day of August
Milwaukee County, ss. } A. D. 1852, upon reading and filing the petition W. L. Parsons, administrator of the estate of Seth Parsons, praying for a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, and that a day may be fixed upon which to bring in his final account,

It is ordered that said application be heard before me at my office in the city of Milwaukee, on the 26th day of August inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., and that notice be given to all persons interested of said application and hearing by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks, once in each week, in the "Free Democrat," a newspaper printed in said county, prior to said hearing.

By the Court, H. N. WELLS,
County Judge.
JNO. A. SAVAGE, Jr. Proctor. ang4w3

NEW GOODS!

A. DUNNELS & CO., 157 East Water st., Offer for inspection and for sale, many new styles of Ladies, Misses and Children's fine work, at the

Very Lowest Prices, no exceptions.

In part, may be found *Kossuth*, Congress, Cushman, and Polka Boots; Cushman Buskins and Ties, Lasting and Half Boots, and all varieties of Slippers and Ties.

We have also on hand a lot of Gentlemen's Cloth, Lasting, Buckskin, Patent Leather and Enameled gaiters and shoe ties, and a few as beautiful **Sewed Boots** as you can get in the city.

We are resolved to sell cheap, but not for cost, nor less than cost. We have made the most thorough and systematic arrangements with the best manufacturers of Boots and Shoes in New England, New York and Philadelphia, for being supplied directly with the best goods and latest styles, at the very lowest prices. Please call and satisfy yourselves that *it is even so*. Remember the No., **157,** East Water street, next door to Bradford Bro's.
Aug. 3, 1852. dtf

THRESHERS.

W. D. BACON is receiving a full supply of Railroad, Horse Power and Overshot **Threshers,** manufactured by Wheeler, Millek & Co., Albany. Also a

New and Valuable Separator,

attached to said Machines, which will be sold with or without the Separator.

☞ A word to the wise being sufficient, it is only necessary to say that the Thresher, single or with Separator, has not been superseded. It is also of the most simple and durable construction, there being nothing liable to break or soon wear out but that a common farmer or laborer can repair. It cleans the grain well, and wastes comparatively nothing, and infinitely less than any other machine in use—can be worked easily with two horses, and is WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION, or may be returned uninjured after trial.

Those wishing to economize in threshing, will do well to call on the subscriber, at Waukesha, and examine for themselves.

Machines will be kept on sale at the warehouse of Will Iams & Co., Milwaukee, and at the shop of the subscriber, Waukesha. Address W. D. BACON,
jy23M&c3m Waukesha.

STOVES! STOVES!! STOVES!!!
FOR THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.

W. H. BYRON & CO. have on hand a very large stock of STOVES, suited to the wants of this section of country, consisting of almost every variety of Cooking Stoves, among which can be found the

New World,	Gladiator,	Premium,
Monarch,	Western,	&c.

Together with other desirable patterns, with a complete assortment of Utensils, made of the best stock. Also,

Parlor, Hall and Box Stoves,
of all sizes and varieties.

☞ All of the above will be sold at lower than they have ever yet been offered, having been purchased under the most advantageous circumstances.
☞ *SIGN OF THE ANVIL*, 152 East Water st.
may16

NOTICE—Having by fair dealing, and an invariable adherance to the **ONE PRICE** system, built up a good paying business, have lowered the price of my goods *ten per cent*, and consequently cannot *be undersold* by any other store in the city. Some *Strangers* may doubt my word; if so, it will be for their interest to make my acquaintance immediately. HERBERT REED.
September 1st, 1852. 235, East Water St.

LIVERY.

LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT.

GEO. F. OAKLEY, at the well-known Livery Establishment, Spring street, two doors west of the American House, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, will furnish at all times,

Horses, Carriages, Buggies, &c.

at the shortest notice, and charges moderate. Also Ladies Saddle Horses.
☞ Hearses and Carriages furnished for Funerals.
June28

KIRBY'S ACCOMMODATION HACK.

KIRBY may be found, with his Hack, on Main street, near the Theatre, in the day time, and any orders left for him at Old Kirby's Jewelry Store, corner of Wisconsin and East Water streets, will be promptly attended to.

He will convey passengers to and from the Boats or Railroad, or carry parties about the city, for very moderate terms.

KIRBY hopes by close attention to business to please all. dec2

DRAB BEAVER HATS—W. H. DEBEE & Co's style, a nice article, very light and suited to summer wear, at 173 East Water street.
je26 L. P. ROGERS.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.—An extensive assortment always to be found at ROGERS'.
je26 173 East Water street.

NEW GOODS—Having a large stock of New Goods on the way from New York, I shall hereafter be enabled to keep a better assortment, and give better satisfaction than ever before. I return my sincere thanks to my old customers for their unfailing patronage, and will endeavor to merit a continuance. HERBERT REED.
September 2d, 1852. 235, East Water St.

HONEY—Always can be found at 235 East Water st.
je2 H. REED.

CURRANT JELLY—Of the best quality, a few jars left, at
aug6 H. REED'S.

WAUKESHA ADVERTISEMPTS.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

H. N. DAVIS, wholesale and retail, dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, &c., Cole's Block, sign of the "Golden Mortar." Also,

Books, Stationery, Paper-Hangings, &c.

all which will be sold as low the times will admit.
Waukesha, June, 1852.

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE subscriber having purchased of Charles R. Dakin, his entire stock of Goods, and having added to the stock a new and seasonable assortment, is now prepared to dispose of them on the most favorable terms.

I shall sell for CASH ONLY! but at such a rate as to make it an object to any one to purchase—in fact, I will sell at LESS than Milwaukee prices. There is among the stock a large and well selected assortment of

Staple Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

Crockery, Boots and Shoes, and Yankee Notions.

Besides other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold as above. The entire stock of MUFFS, RIBBONS, LACES, EDGINGS, and fancy articles generally, I will sell at cost.

☞ Purchasers are requested to call and examine the Stock, as great bargains will be offered.
H. W. SHERMAN.
Waukesha, Jan. 13, 1852.

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

100 VOLUMES of this very interesting work, have been received and are now offered for sale at the subscriber's Drug and Book Store, in Waukesha.

Those wishing to purchase will do well to apply soon.
may1 H. N. DAVIS.

ODD FELLOWS OFFERING.

TENTH VOLUME—published by Edward Walker 114 Fulton street, New York. It is bound in neat style, contains over three hundred pages, and is embellished with ten engravings, and a rich illuminated presentation plate. It is made up chiefly of contributions from members of the Order, their wives and sisters. As a literary production it is inferior to none of the Annuals. The engravings show it are worth the price of the book.

The subscriber is Agent for the State of Wisconsin.
H. N. DAVIS.
Waukesha, May 18, 1851.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

THE undersigned having purchased the entire interest in the late firm of BLAN, CLINTON & POWERS will continue the business at the old stand, under the name and style of

BIRCHARD, NEWTON & TOTTEN.

They would invite the friends of the late firm, and all others who are friendly to the new one, to give them a call, being determined to conduct their business in such a manner as to give entire satisfaction to all those who may extend to them their patronage.

E. B. BIRCHARD,
M. NEWTON,
H. TOTTEN.
Waukesha, Dec. 1, 1851.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—GENERAL ELECTION.
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE, MADISON, JULY 1, 1852.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the next general election, to be held in the several towns and wards in this state, on Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November next, being the second day of that month, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:—

Five Electors of President and Vice President,

A representative in Congress for the first congressional district, comprising the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Walworth, Racine and Kenosha, in place of Charles Durkee, whose term of service will expire on the fourth day of March next.

A representative in Congress for the second congressional district, comprising the counties of Rock, Green, La Fayette, Grant, Iowa, Dane, Sauk, Adams, Portage, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix, La Pointe, La Crosse, Red Ax and Marathon, in place of Ben C. Eastman, whose term of service will expire on the fourth day of March next.

A representative in Congress for the third congressional district, comprising the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Brown, Winnebago, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Columbia, Dodge, Jefferson, Oconto, Door, Kewaunee, Waupaca, Outagamie and Waushara, in place of James D. Doty, whose term of service will expire on the fourth day of March next.

A State Senator for the first senate district, comprised of the towns of Sheboygan, Calumet and Manitowoc, in place of Theodore Conkey, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the third senate district, comprised of the towns of Mequon, Cedarburg, Grafton, Port Washington, Saukville, Fredonia, and Belgium, in the county of Washington; and

A State Senator for the fourth senate district, comprised of the towns of Erin, Richfield, Germantown, Jackson, Polk, Hartford, Addison, West Bend, Newark, Trenton, Farmington, Kewaskum and Wayne, in the county of Washington, in place of Harvey G. Turner, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the fifth senate district, comprised of the first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Menomonee, Milwaukee and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, in place of Francis Huebschmann, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the seventh senate district, comprised of the county of Racine, in place of Stephen O. Bennett, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the ninth senate district, comprised of the towns of Oconomowoc, Merton, Lisbon, Menomonee, Summit, Delafield, Pewaukee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha; and

A State Senator for the tenth senate district, comprised of the towns of Ottawa, Genesee, Waukesha, New Berlin, Muskego, Vernon, Mukwonago, and Eagle, in the county of Waukesha, in place of Edward B. West, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the eleventh senate district, comprised of the county of Dane, in place of Elbb B. Dean, Jr., whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the thirteenth senate district, comprised of the county of La Fayette, in place of Samuel G. Bugh, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the fifteenth senate district, comprised of the counties of Iowa and Richland, in place of Levi Sterling, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the seventeenth senate district, comprised of the towns of Janesville, Rock, Fulton, Porter, Centre, Plymouth, Newark, Avon, Spring Valley, Magnolia and Union, in the county of Rock; and

A State Senator for the eighteenth senate district, comprised of the towns of Beloit, Turtle, Clinton, Bradford, La Prairie, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima and Milton, in the county of Rock, in place of Andrew Palmer, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the nineteenth senate district, comprised of the counties of Crawford, La Crosse, Bad Ax, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe, in place of Hiram A. Wright, whose term of service will expire on the first Monday of January next.

A State Senator for the twenty-first senate district, comprised of the county of Winnebago, in place of Bertine Pinckney, whose term of service in this district will expire on the first Monday of January next, by reason of its being apportioned and districted anew.

A State Senator for the twenty-third senate district, comprised of the counties of Marquette, Waushara, Sauk and Adams; and

A State Senator for the twenty-fifth senate district, comprised of the county of Columbia, in place of James S. Alban, whose term of service, in these two last mentioned districts, will expire on the first Monday of January next, by reason of their being apportioned and districted anew.

Members of the assembly, and each county officers as are required by law to be then elected.

The question whether an act entitled "An act to authorize the business of Banking," approved April 19th, 1852, shall go into effect, is required to be submitted to the people at the election aforesaid in accordance with the provisions of the said act.

CHARLES D. ROBINSON,
jy9d Secretary of State.

PUBLIC CONVEYANCES.

Milwaukee and Mississippi Rail-Road.—Express Mail and Passenger Train, leaves Milwaukee every week-day morning, at 7½ o'clock. Freight and Passenger Train, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Southern Michigan Rail-Road.—A Boat leaves Milwaukee every morning, at 8 o'clock, touching at Racine, Kenosha and Waukegan; connecting with the Cars at Chicago.

Michigan Central Rail-Road.—A Boat leaves Milwaukee every morning, at 8 o'clock, touching at Racine, Kenosha and Waukegan, connecting with the Cars at Chicago.

Steamers.—Leave Milwaukee every evening for Sheboygan and Green Bay. A Boat also leaves every evening for Buffalo, via the Lakes.

Stages.—Leave Milwaukee every morning for Watertown, Madison, Galena, Whitewater, Janesville and Fond du Lac, and three times a week for Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Green Bay.

Express.—Flanders & Co.'s Express, via M. and M. Railroad, leaves every day, except Sunday.

Livingston, Fargo & Co.'s Express, leaves Milwaukee daily, (Sundays excepted,) for New-York and intermediate places. Also to Sheboygan daily.

ELECTION NOTICE.
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE, Madison, Wisconsin, July 1st, 1852.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the last Monday of September next, after the date hereof, being the 27th day of said month, there will be held in the several towns and wards of this State, an election of one Chief Justice, and two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of this State, established by an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization of a seperate Supreme Court; and for the election of Justices thereof," approved April 17th, 1852; said election to be conducted, and the votes canvassed, and the result determined and certified by the officers or persons, in the same manner provided by law for the holding of elections, canvassing the votes, and determining and certifying the result of elections for State officers of this State.

CHARLES D. ROBINSON,
jy27 Secretary of State.

FOUNTAIN INKSTANDS.—A large supply just received. Also, Letter and Cap Paper, by the ream, very cheap, at
BIRD'S Book and Stationery Store,
may26 17 Wisconsin st.

TRAVELLING.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAIL-ROAD.

1852.

Through to New-York in Fifty Hours!
BY DUNKIRK OR BUFFALO.

The Cheapest and most Expeditious Route from West to East.

SOUTHERN MICHIGAN, NORTHERN INDIANA and EMPIRE STATE.

These Boats excel any ever before introduced on the western waters for speed, comfort and gentlemanly officers.

A line of Steamers will leave Toledo on the arrival of the Cars from the West, for Sandusky, Cleveland, Erie, Dunkirk and Buffalo.

Connecting with the Express Train of Cars

Running to Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Washington, Boston, New-York, and all the principal cities in the Union, including the Canadas.

☞ The Steamers GOLDEN GATE and BALTIC, leave Milwaukee alternately every morning, at 8 o'clock, for Chicago. Passengers going east, will do well to see me before paying their fare to any other agent. I will ticket passengers as cheap, if not cheaper, than my neighbors. JAMES M. CRUMMEY,
General Passenger Agent.
☞ Office one block east of the United States Hotel, corner of Main and Huron streets, Milwaukee. je23

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL-ROAD LINE.

1852.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Cheapest and most Expeditious Route for Buffalo New-York, Boston and Philadelphia.

TWO TRAINS A DAY FROM CHICAGO.

ONE OF CAPTAIN E. B. & S. WARD'S SPLENDID Low Pressure Lake Michigan Steamers will leave the Michigan Central Railroad dock, Middle Pier, EVERY MORNING, at 8 o'clock, connecting with the Cars at Chicago, for Detroit; connecting at Detroit with the North Shore line Steamers

Mayflower, Ocean and Atlantic,

reaching Buffalo in thirty-nine hours, in time for the five o'clock morning Express Train for New York and Boston—thirty-nine hours running time. Also connecting at Detroit with the splendid low pressure

Steamers Keystone State and Niagara, for Dunkirk, and Steamers Forest City and Cleveland, for Cleveland, and Str. Arrow, for Sandusky.

☞ For Tickets to Detroit, Toledo, Sandusky, Cleveland, Dunkirk or Buffalo, apply at the Michigan Central Railroad Line Office, opposite the United States Hotel Huron street, Milwaukee.

L. H. COTTON, Ticket Agent.
N. B. The undersigned is prepared to contract for Freight by the above line to or from New York, or to any point on Lakes Michigan, Huron and Erie.
J. E. GOODRICH, Freight Agent,
may27 Office Middle Pier foot of Huron street

MILWAUKEE AND MISSISSIPPI RAIL-ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.....1852.

ON and after August 3d, 1852, two trains will leave Milwaukee and Palmyra daily, (except Sundays,) as follows:

Milwaukee for Palmyra.—
Passenger Train, ... 7½ o'clock A. M.
Passenger and Freight Train, . . 4 " P. M.

Palmyra for Milwaukee.—
Passenger and Freight Train, . . . 8 o'clock A. M.
Passenger Train, ... 5 " P. M.

☞ A stage will run regularly between Madison and Palmyra station, leaving Madison at 6 A. M., passing thro' Cambridge, Oakland and Ft. Atkinson, and arriving at Milwaukee at 7 P. M. Returning by the same route, leaving Milwaukee at 7½ A. M., and arriving at Madison at about 9 P. M. A stage will also run daily, each way, between Janesville and Palmyra, passing through Whitewater, and to and from the Forest House and Watertown.

EDWARD D. BROHEAD,
jy26d&c Chief Engineer and Supt.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PERFUMERY, &c.

We have on hand a large stock of DRUGS and MEDICINES, which have been selected with much care by one of the firm, and a member of the medical profession, and are warranted of superior quality. We offer our goods to the public, knowing they will give satisfaction, if pure articles and low prices will make them so. Our stock consists in part as follows:—

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, LINSEED OIL,
PAINTS, TURPENTINE, LAMP OILS,

Varnishes, Whitings, Dye-Woods, Shakers' Herbs, Hair Brushes, Paint Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Bronzes,

ALSO A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

PERFUMERY & FANCY ARTICLES.

☞ Most of the popular Patent Medicines also for sale; Ayres' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Medicines, Morehent's Gazelina Oil, Trusses, Shoulder Braces and Supporters.

☞ A good assortment of Wines and Liquors, for medical purposes Only, the quality of which cannot be surpassed in the city. LAKE & WILLIAMS,
136 East Water street, United States Block,
nov27 Sign of the Mammoth Red Mortar.

SCHOOL DISTRICT AND PRIVATE LIBRARIES! Rare and choice works in every department of literature, suitable for family and school libraries, for sale cheap for cash or on time.
June30 IRVING BOOKSTORE, 146 U S Block.

OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

The subscriber, desirous of closing out their **STOVE DEAL** in Milwaukee, takes this method to inform their friends and the public, that they have on hand a large assortment of **Cooking Stoves,** of the best patterns, and from the best Manufactories which they will sell at prices to **suit customers,** until their entire stock is disposed of. They have a large quantity of the justly celebrated **"Bang-up Air-tight," and "National Hot Air"** Stoves from York State Foundries, for which, if they cannot get **COST** they will **take LESS** for them; they are **ROUND** to be sold. *A word* to the wise is sufficient, and we merely say, that we manufacture our own furniture, and **every article** in that line we **WARRANT perfect.** We also have a large stock of Parlor and Box Stoves, all of which **must be** sold at **some price,** and we feel confident that we can make it the interest of every one who wants a **Stove,** of almost any description, to purchase of us.

Also, all articles in the Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron and Japanned Ware trade, constantly on hand and manufactured to order. Experienced workmen always in readiness to do all jobbing in their line. Thankful for past favors, we still solicit your patronage, and we will endeavor to make it a **mutual benefit.**

☞ Stove Depot No. 25 Spring street, Milwaukee, Wis.
may26 1&c6m T. & D. J. MILLAR.

State of Wisconsin, } In the Circuit Court,
Milwaukee County, ss. } September Term, 1852.
HORACE WOODCOCK, vs. MARTHA WOODCOCK, } Bill for Divorce.

On reading and filing the Bill in the above entitled cause, and it appearing that the said defendant is not a resident of this State, and on motion of Paine & Sloan, solicitors for the complainant, it is hereby ordered, that said Defendant appear, plead, answer, or demur to the Complainants, said Bill of Complaint on or before the 1st day of December, A. D., 1852, or otherwise the said Bill will be taken *pro confesso* against the said Defendant. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order shall be published in the "Free Democrat," a paper published in Milwaukee County, for six successive weeks, once in each week, commencing within twenty days from the date thereof.

Milwaukee, August 30th, 1852.
H. N. WELLS,
ag30-w6 County Judge and Commissioner.

J. LOWTHER.....T. COLLINGBOURN.

PAINTING.

LOWTHER & COLLINGBOURN, IMITATORS OF WOOD AND MARBLE, Enamellers on Glass, House, Sign and Ornamental Painters, Gilders, Glaziers, Paper Hangers, &c.

☞ Whitewashing and Wall Coloring done to order.

☞ Nos. 9 and 11 Michigan street, opposite the Bank, Milwaukee, July 9, 1852.

THE CATHOLIC PULPIT.—Containing a Sermon for every Sunday and Holiday in the year and for Good Friday. From the last revised London Edition.

This most valuable and celebrated periodical has just arrived at CAOTT'S Bookstore, 275 East Water street, where subscriptions will be received. The work will be completed in semi-monthly numbers, making an 8vo volume of nearly 800 pages, at the low price of two dollars.

To the practical judge of eloquence, this work presents a wide and varied ground of comparisons between the respective styles of French, English, German and Italian Oratory.

☞ CAOTT is also Agent for the "*Shepherd of the Valley*," published at St. Louis—a paper that deserves the widest circulation. June17

SURE CURE FOR THE POTATO ROT.—Messrs. WILLIAMS & NOLAND are now manufacturing, at Madison, Wis., an excellent article of HOMINY! in the *'true Southern style!'* This is the best article of the kind now known, and an excellent substitute for Potatoes.

All orders, post paid, addressed to Messrs. Williams & Noland, Madison, Wis., or to HERBERT REED, Agent, 235 East Water street, Milwaukee, will be promptly attended to. may18

HATS AND CAPS, wholesale and retail. 100 doz. assorted Caps, and Palm Leaf Hats, yet on hand, at ROGERS', 173 East Water street.
je26

1852.

B. B. BIRD will furnish the Magazines for 1852, at Club prices. 10 copies of either of the five leading Magazines, viz: Graham's, Godey's, Sartain's, Harper's and International, for $20. jn21-d&c

30,000 DOLLARS TO LOAN, in sums not less than $1000, at 10 per cent and commission. AUSTIN & DUNN,
City Bonds also purchased may10

MAGAZINES & PERIODICALS.

AN ILLUSTRATED DOLLAR MAGAZINE.
JULY—NO. 1—NEW SERIES—VOL. 2.

WOODWORTH'S YOUTH'S CABINET begin as New Volume with the issue of the July number. There are now two volumes in a year, of nearly 300 pages each, commencing in January and July. Each number contains forty-eight pages, profusely and elegantly embellished.

It is a *Cabinet*, as its name imports, precisely the richest and purest literary attractions for the young—ever readable, entertaining, instructive, free from all trash, and conducted with the utmost care. The particular topic of the articles contained in it, as well as the mode of treating those topics, are too numerous and varied to be specifically named. Ancient and Modern History, Biography of Distinguished Individuals, the Arts and Sciences, Natural History of Animals, Wonders of Animal Instinct and Contrivance, Accounts of Travellers all over the Globe, Descriptions of Curious and Wonderful Places, Familiar Dialogues Popular Anecdotes, Wonders of the Vegetable Creation, Moral Tales, Poetry, Music, Enigmas, Riddles, Charades, Instructive Puzzles, Scripture Illustrations—all have a place in the various stores of the *Cabinet*.

☞ Francis C. Woodworth (Theodore Thinker) the editor, is now traveling in Europe, and will regularly contribute to the pages of the Magazine during his absence.

Terms—$1 a year; $3 for 4 copies; $5 for 7 copies, and an extra copy to the one who forms a club of 7 and upwards. Money and post-office stamps may be sent by mail at our risk. Specimen numbers sent gratis. July begins a new volume.

☞ Agents Wanted to obtain subscribers for the Magazine, and to sell the Bound Volumes of the octavo series of the Cabinet—to whom inducements will be offered. ☞ Clergymen without charge, students, &c., will find this a pleasant and